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No. 21,233

號叁廿百貳千壹萬貳第

日八拾月陸年寅丙

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JULY 27TH, 1926

式拜禮

號七廿月七年五十五國民華中

PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME-TABLE.

WEEK DAYS

STATIONS	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Kowloon	6.40	9.15	10.30	11.40	12.00	1.15	2.25	3.45
Yau Ma Tei	6.50	9.25	10.39	11.49	12.09	1.24	2.34	3.54
Yau Ma Tei	7.00	9.35	10.49	11.59	12.19	1.34	2.44	4.04
Tai Po	7.10	9.45	11.04	12.14	12.29	1.44	2.54	4.14
Tai Po Market	7.21	9.56	11.15	12.25	12.40	1.55	3.05	4.25
Fanning	7.31	10.06	11.25	12.35	12.50	2.05	3.15	4.35
Shaukiang	7.41	10.16	11.35	12.45	13.00	2.15	3.25	4.45
Shamshui	7.51	10.26	11.45	12.55	13.10	2.25	3.35	4.55

STATIONS	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Shamshui	7.51	10.26	11.45	12.55	13.10	2.25	3.35	4.55
Fanning	8.01	10.36	11.55	13.05	13.20	2.35	3.45	5.05
Tai Po Market	8.11	10.46	12.05	13.15	13.30	2.45	3.55	5.15
Tai Po	8.21	10.56	12.15	13.25	13.40	2.55	4.05	5.25
Yau Ma Tei	8.31	11.06	12.25	13.35	13.50	3.05	4.15	5.35
Kowloon	8.41	11.16	12.35	13.45	14.00	3.15	4.25	5.45

SHA TAU KOK BRANCH.

STATIONS	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Fanning	7.45	11.30	12.20	6.25	8.30	12.15	1.05	5.00
Shaukiang	7.55	11.40	12.30	6.35	8.40	12.25	1.15	5.10
Shamshui	8.05	11.50	12.40	6.45	8.50	12.35	1.25	5.20

SUNDAYS AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.
STATIONS AM PM AM PM AM PM AM PM
Fanning 7.45 11.30 12.20 6.25 8.30 12.15 1.05 5.00
Shaukiang 7.55 11.40 12.30 6.35 8.40 12.25 1.15 5.10
Shamshui 8.05 11.50 12.40 6.45 8.50 12.35 1.25 5.20

Further information may be obtained at the RAILWAY OFFICE, KOWLOON, or from
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OVER HALF A CENTURY REPUTATION

Dr. LE CLERC'S PILLS FOR THE

STOMACH, LIVER & KIDNEYS

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DR. LE CLERC'S PILLS FOR THE

STOMACH, LIVER & KIDNEYS

INCOME-TAX ON A TEMPERANCE FUND.

MR. JUSTICE ROWLATT BANTERS
THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

"LITTLE FUNDS."

Mr. Justice Rowlatt, in the King's Bench Division, allowed the appeal of the Income Tax Commissioners from a decision of the Special Purposes Commission that the funds and objects of the Temperance Council of the Christian Churches of England and Wales were charitable, and the Commissioners must return to the council taxes upon interest and dividends which had been deducted at source for the Commissioners.

Mr. Justice Rowlatt observed that there had been a case in the courts to decide whether the training of spiritualistic mediums might be a charity, but there were objects the benevolent and charitable nature of which could never be in question—the dogs' home, for instance.

Sir Douglas—One has often heard there is a large fund in the possession of a politician for the furtherance of Liberal principles. Supposing on the approaching dissolution of the Liberal Party—

The Judge—I was going to put a similar question, only I thought the indelicacy of it was too great.

"THESE LITTLE FUNDS."

Sir Douglas—Supposing, on the approaching dissolution of the Liberal Party, your lordship should be asked to settle a claim for the sequestration of Mr. Lloyd George's fund, and decide whether it should go in support of Conservative or Socialistic principles, could the court be asked to treat it as a charity?

The Judge—Mr. Attorney, I have always lived in hopes of seeing the day when the Attorney-General would come into the court with an application for the charitable administration of these little funds.

Mr. Justice Rowlatt, giving judgment, said the case was the first to come before the Court under the Finance Act of 1925. It did not go to the Divisional Court in the old way. Legislation constituted the greater part of the field contemplated by the promoters of the society, he added, but the word politics did not necessarily mean party politics.

"The ancient and honourable term," said the judge, "has been degraded by its close association with the word politician."

This council, he added, was instituted mainly to effect changes in the law. Whether they were wise or unwise, as to be pursued on party lines or otherwise, wholly immaterial. This was a class of purpose which it was impossible to hold was a charitable purpose, and therefore he must allow the appeal with costs.

MALACCA FINANCE.

\$600,000 INCREASED REVENUE FOR
YEAR 1925.

The financial report on the Settlement of Malacca for 1925 states that the revenue was \$3,585,435.19 an increase of nearly \$600,000 on that of 1924. This figure has only been exceeded twice in 1890 (\$4,567,978) and 1919 (\$3,899,533).

The following items showed large increases. Licences over 600,000 and Post Telegraphs, nearly 40,000.

Rents on Government properties showed a nominal decrease of \$45,000 but this was entirely due to the large amount of arrears of rent recovered in 1924. Land Sales show a decrease of \$28,000.

The expenditure amounted to \$2,239,363.09 an increase of \$147,000 over 1924. Personal Emoluments increased \$37,000 owing to increases in the Establishments of various departments and incremental schemes. Other Charges increased by about the same figure.

Military Expenditure decreased by \$40,000 in 1924 the cost of the New Drill Hall and Sergeant Major's Quarters was debited. A large increase for Miscellaneous Services was due to the new Water Supply Scheme.

MONOPOLIES.

The revenue derived from the sale of chandu was \$1,639,368, as against \$1,203,424 in 1924. Liquor and Tobacco Duties amounted to \$237,875 and \$210,963 respectively as against \$140,903 and \$155,372 in 1924. Toddy Shop Rent showed an increase of \$18,730 over the previous year although five less shops were licensed. Thirty-two thousand five hundred and sixty dollars and fifty cents was collected in Stamp Fees under the Chandu, Liquors Revenue and Tobacco Revenue Ordinances.

There were 77 prosecutions instituted and 84 convictions were obtained. Sixty-six prosecutions were under the Liquor Ordinance, most of them for being in possession of dutiable liquor and apparatus for distilling liquor: the fines were only realised in a few cases.

CALCUTTA RIOTS.

ANONYMOUS ATTACKS ON LORD
LYTTON.

"F. E.'S" SPIRITED DEFENCE.

LONDON, July 16th.

Lord Birkenhead, Secretary of State for India, delivering a speech at the dinner given by the Maharajah of Alwar at the Hotel Cecil last night, said he took that opportunity to controvert the attacks made upon Lord Lytton in connection with the Calcutta disturbances.

Lord Lytton had the responsibility of governing one of the great Presidencies of India in critical days. Although he (Lord Birkenhead) was not Lord Lytton's colleague in the gravest days of all, he had been his colleague in periods which had not been free from anxiety.

Continuing, Lord Birkenhead said: "I make it perfectly plain that the Governorship of Lord Lytton, assisted as it has been by the charming lady who shared all his anxieties, has been one of great distinction."

COWARDLY AND ANONYMOUS.

"One of the newspapers, I hardly remember which—I think it was the Morning Post—published a cowardly anonymous attack upon him in relation to the recent disturbances in Calcutta. I wish to make it publicly plain that both the Viceroy and myself, who know all the circumstances, are prepared to sustain Lord Lytton if any attack upon him—should any one be so foolish—be made in the Houses of Parliament."

IRRESPONSIBLE ABUSE.

"I know the whole history of the Calcutta disturbances. This attack upon a man who was charged with responsibility in connection with them and who for a period of more than four years has held aloft the colours, alike of India and the British Empire, this attack was made without any knowledge of fact to support it."

"It means that he had been made the target of irresponsible, cowardly abuse. If anyone in the House of Lords attacks my noble friend, I will reply, and I don't think he will repeat the attack."

FLAME OF PATRIOTISM.

U.S. MEMORIAL TO BRITISH WAR PRISONERS.

A window in memory of the British prisoners of war who died in Germany, presented to Westminster Abbey by Mr. J. W. Gerard, American Ambassador in Berlin from 1913 to 1917, has been dedicated by the Dean (Dr. Foxley Norris) at a service in the Abbey. The window has been placed on the north side of the nave.

Mr. Gerard could not attend but, through the medium of Mr. Houghton, the American Ambassador in London, delivered a message in which he said: "This window is dedicated to those of my wards who made a sacrifice as great as did those who fell fighting on the field of battle, and who, in captivity, showed themselves to be Christian gentlemen as well as patriots."

Mr. Houghton said that it had been Mr. Gerard's duty to visit the prison camps where British soldiers were interned. Thus he came to know these men in all their humanity, and above all to honour the white and shining spirit of patriotism which animated them and burned like a flame.

HEIRS TO £12,000 TRACED.

CANADIAN RELATIVES OF A
LONDON MISER.

Dr. F. J. Waldo, London City coroner, announced that owing to publicity in the newspapers relatives had been traced of the late Mr. Frederick W. Jones, an account collector for fifty years in the service of Messrs. Waterlow and Sons, on whom he recently held an inquest.

Mr. Jones, who was fatally injured by a horse and was near the Mansion House, lived in a miserly manner in a small cottage in Parnell-road, Old Ford, E. He would allow no one to enter his room. After his death valuable securities were found hidden, and he left between £10,000 and £12,000.

Mr. Cross, the coroner's officer, said that a firm of solicitors had been approached by a woman living in Wakefield, who stated that she was the widow of the dead man's brother, who died in Winnipeg in 1913. Her children, a boy and a girl, were in Winnipeg. There was no doubt that the children were the next of kin.

Dr. Waldo said that he had received many letters from people named Jones, living in different parts of the country.

PRETTIEST GIRLS IN ENGLAND.

BIRMINGHAM A BEAUTY
NURSERY.

NOTTINGHAM'S RIVALRY.

Birmingham is not inclined to let pass unchallenged the boast of Nottingham that its girls are the prettiest in England.

"Our city," Birmingham people will tell you, "has more really pretty girls per head of the population than any place in the country, and apart from those to be seen in the West End of London, no girls are more smartly dressed."

"This claim, one is told, does not spring merely from local patriotism; Birmingham points proudly to proof. Where, it is asked, did Mr. Florenz Ziegfeld go recently when he wanted the prettiest girl in England for his Follies? He went to Birmingham for Miss Enid Parsons, a typical Birmingham beauty."

THE SAME ANSWER.

"Which city or town is the most fruitful recruiting ground for the beauty choruses of the revues? The answer one receives is Birmingham, and, as the clinching argument, Birmingham points out that the marriage age of its girls is the lowest in the country, thus proving that their charms are such that it is impossible for midland men to resist them for any length of time."

A Birmingham artist states that he found it much easier to find the right kind of pretty girls as models in Birmingham than in London, in spite of London's colony of professional models. "The average Birmingham girl," he added, "is not only pretty, but has a fine figure, and I certainly strongly disagree with the Nottingham assertion that Birmingham girls' hands and feet are too large. I have never noticed it."

The manager of one of the city's largest shoe stores suggested that the Nottingham claim, as he called it, about the size of Miss Birmingham's feet possibly arose from the fact that Birmingham girls were the best shod in the country.

SHOE FASHIONS.

"The latest pointed-toe fashion," he said, "certainly makes the foot look a little larger than it actually is, and if Nottingham girls are still wearing last season's models—" He left the sentence unfinished; the deduction was so obvious. I learn, moreover, from the shopkeepers, that the average size of glove sold in Birmingham is a six, compared with an average size in most towns of six and a half, and on the figure question generally, Mr. James Kilgour, manager of the Hippodrome Variety Theatre here, asserted that he considered the Birmingham figure the most lissome he had seen.

"Once," he confessed, "I thought there was nothing to beat the girls of Newcastle-on-Tyne, but when I came to Birmingham I changed my mind."

The city or town that would rob Birmingham of its reputation for having the prettiest and smartest girls would seem to have a strong case to meet.

BOOM IN BRITISH TYPE-WRITERS.

SWEDEN ORDERS 1,000.

The boom in British typewriters, which the King started in February when at the British Industries Fair, White City, W., he condemned the use of foreign-made machines in Government offices, has exceeded the most optimistic expectations.

The Imperial Typewriter Company, of Leicester, which has just received an order for 1,000 machines for the Swedish Telegraph Department, has more than doubled its plant.

Mr. Mawle, the export sales manager, says: "The demand from abroad, especially from the Colonies, is amazing. We have orders from Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, and the Malay States, as well as a Government order from Tanganyika for 100 machines and an order from the Zanzibar Government for a year's supply."

The London sales manager of British Typewriters, Ltd., said that his firm could not extend their plant quickly enough to cope with the increasing demand. "The typewriter industry is a comparatively new one in England," he added, "and we have to train our mechanics. Our production has increased by more than 200 per cent."

FOR GOVERNMENT OFFICES.

The Bar-Lock Typewriter Co. has had to double its output to meet the steady increase in orders. A few days ago they received an order for 100 machines from a London firm, and they are supplying machines to Government offices in large numbers.

The Speaker (at a special meeting for working men): "Rarely, indeed, have I been privileged to address—er—so many tons of soil!"

BOOTH'S DRY GIN.

The Heart and Soul
of a good Cocktail.

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J. WITCHELL,

Manager.

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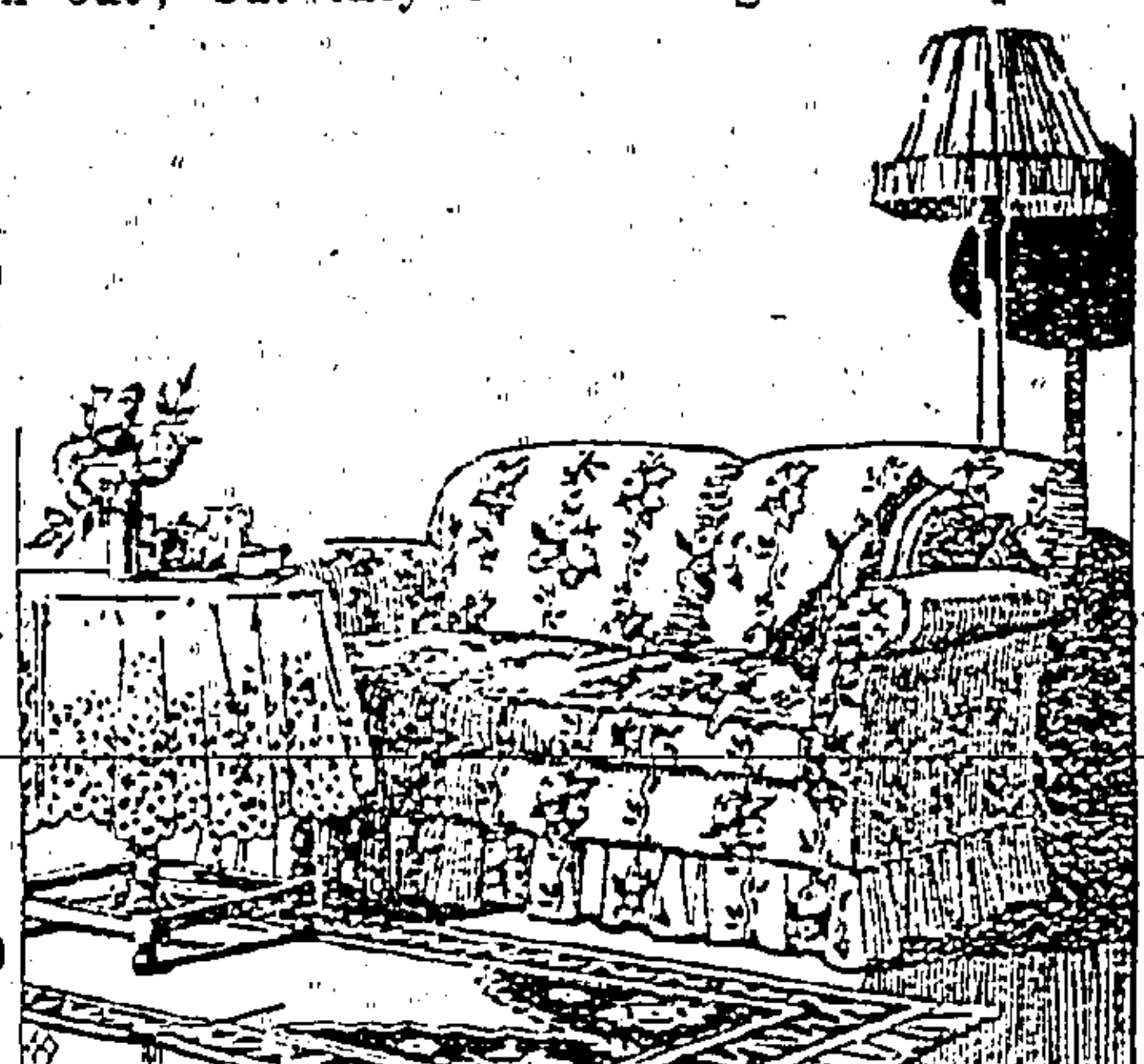
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it cool and white. Vanishes
completely, leaving a perfect
surface for powder.

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Gives a natural colour to pale cheeks

Both in glass pots

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A DAY IN A CHINESE COURT.

FOREIGNERS CALLED TO ASSIST
LOCAL JUSTICE.

STRANGE PROCEDURE.

TELEUTSING, W. China, June 14th.
A few days ago the District Judge
sent two representatives to see if we
could help with a difficult suspected
murder case. A young woman had sud-
denly died some year and a half pre-
viously with a probability of poisoning.
It was proposed that the coffin be open-
ed and the body examined to determine
that point. We feared that after so long
a delay it would be impossible to give
any valuable opinion. A few days later
a communication gave the date set for
the trial and requested us to attend. The
hour was set for 9 a.m. but we (the
Chinese western trained hospital doctor
and myself) fearing that breakfast would
not be over and we might be delayed till
noon or after, made the regular hospital
round, and left at 10.30.

We found two or three hundred people
in the courtyard, noticed the coffin in
the outer court and a temporary mat tent
some 12 or 14 feet square and about
seven feet high. The whole court was
all upset with building operations. Some
buildings had been taken down, some
new foundations dug and scores of large
timbers being prepared. It was with
difficulty that we were escorted to the
private office, where we were received
most cordially by the Judge and intro-
duced to several officers in citizen's
clothes. Tea was served at once and in
a very few minutes were requested to
proceed out. Apologies were made
for the almost impassable condition of
the courtyard. But this was necessary
as the Extraterritoriality Commission
were coming and orders had been made
for extensive repairs and thus this con-
fusion.

THE COURT.

We finally were seated on high chairs
about 12 feet above the main court be-
hind a long table. The Judge sat at my
left, the Chinese doctor at my right and
beyond two officers at each side. At
side tables were two more for whom I
am unable to produce suitable English
titles or offices. About seven feet below
and in front of us was another similar
table, at which sat four officers with
secretaries at each end and guards of
both police and soldiers. All at this
table had special court hats and gowns.
The main speaker's was trimmed with
golden yellow, while the collar and
sleeves of the gown had at least eight
inches of the same bright material. The
gown of the officer to my left was trim-
med with bright velvet red in the same
proportion. The audience were still
lower and stood about or sat on the
timbers. They seemed to be of the
poorer street people, many women with
their babies and even small girls with
baby on the back. Here and there were
seen a few well dressed men or women.
It is likely the latter belonged to the
yamen or official residence.

Incense sticks were provided in abun-
dant, also cork for smudge and plenty
of evergreen burnt or rather smouldered.
Upon inquiry I found this was to prevent
the expected unpleasant odour. This
smudge was kept at full strength much
of the time for hours. It was a great
inconvenience to me, even causing tears,
but did not bother others so much. At
times one could not see clearly across
the court on account of the smoke. For-
tunately for me it was all in the open
and I was not in the worst of it. Hot
water was served frequently for drink-
ing.

ROOSTER'S BLOOD.

About an hour was spent in reviewing
the facts of the case, the records of a
previous trial being carefully reviewed.
The order was perfect throughout, occa-
sionally a word of warning to some over-
anxious friend or relative. At last the
cannets were put to work to open the
coffin. A rooster's blood was dripped
round the big coffin which had been put
under the mat shed. In about an hour
the lid gave way after much labour and
at the same moment the smudges were
redoubled and cotton dipped in alcohol
was stuffed into many nostrils, yours
truly included, as a matter of form, not
necessity. At the same time there was
a distinct uneasiness all over the court-
yard as if some evil influence might
attack anyone or everyone. Personally,
I did not get the spirit of it. Large and
numerous rolls of cotton or silk cloth
and some clothes were thrown out rather
carelessly and finally the four corners of
a lower sheet were grasped and the
corpses lifted out and deposited on
matting, on the stone slabs under the
middle of the mat shed. The clothing
was so numerous that it took almost half
an hour to remove the outer garments.
The tissues seemed to be in a fair state
of preservation, due no doubt to preser-
vatives and being well sealed. A number
of small cuts were recorded on the arms
and face and some marks on the back,
but all of these though showing foul play
were not deemed sufficient to cause
death.

THE TESTS.

A solid silver probe was introduced
into the mouth and gullet to the stomach
and left for ten minutes. Upon removal
it was slightly darkened but not sufficient
for a test. Next a hot poultice of a
bran-like substance was prepared and
covered most of the body, especially the
abdomen. This was covered with an old
quilt and then a tin hot water kettle
with a flat bottom was massaged over
the upper abdomen for another hour, the
silver probe having been re-inserted, also
one elsewhere. While this hot poultice
was getting up steam, a careful watch
was kept for bubbles at the mouth. None
(Continued on next column.)

SIR HENRY MORRIS DEAD.

FOUNDER OF THE CANCER
RESEARCH FUND.

A GREAT BRITISH SURGEON.

Sir Henry Morris, Bart., the surgeon,
a founder of the Imperial Cancer Re-
search Fund and a former president of
the Royal Society of Medicine, has died
at his residence in Connaught-square,
Hyde Park, W., at the age of 82. In 1900
he considered, as the result of a friend's
suggestion, the question of establishing
the Imperial Cancer Research Fund, and
obtained the co-operation of the Royal
Colleges of Physicians and Surgeons.
The first hon. treasurer of the fund, Sir
Henry became a vice-president in 1913
and always showed a keen interest in the
work.

Noted for his skilful operations on the
kidneys, Sir Henry was president of the
Royal College of Surgeons from 1906 to
1909. He had been hon. surgeon to the
Brompton Dispensary for 50 years.
A spirited writer on many subjects, Sir
Henry protested in 1915 against "the
way in which German learning and Ger-
man institutions are extolled by some
among us in England to the disparage-
ment of the great men and the master-
pieces of our own and other countries."
Sir Henry leaves no heir to the
baronetcy, which was conferred on him
in 1909.

GIANT FLYING-BOAT.

ALL METAL "HUSH-HUSH"
MACHINE TO HOLD 100.

GERMAN WAR MACHINE.

The world's largest metal flying boat,
a colossal "hush-hush" machine now in
secret construction in the Friedrichshafen
works of the German Dornier Company,
has been bought (as previously announc-
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Government, and will be flown out to
Japan as soon as it is ready.

Supported in flight by a vast hollow
wing having a span of as much as 250
feet—and big enough for mechanics to
move about within it—the hull, if equip-
ped for passenger work, will accom-
modate 100 people.

AS A WAR MACHINE.

If used as a war machine it will be
able to fly for great distances without
alighting, carrying a formidable load of
bombs.

As many as 12 engines, developing a
total of 3,400 horse-power, will be em-
ployed to drive the giant craft at a high
speed through the air.
The Japanese authorities, it is under-
stood, are to employ this air-mammoth
in a series of experimental flights from
Japanese coastal bases out across the
Pacific.

STAINLESS IRON.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.

At a conference of the Institution of
Water Engineers in Manchester, an im-
portant pronouncement was made by Dr.
Barclay, of Manchester, regarding the
possibilities of stainless iron, the dis-
covery of which has been hailed as one
of the greatest of recent years.

Dr. Barclay said he believed it would
soon be possible to get stainless iron at
little more cost than ordinary iron. He
had used it himself and found it exceed-
ingly satisfactory. He thought money
would be saved by this wonderful metal
compared with steel, which had its stain-
less properties in the hardened and tem-
pered state, whereas stainless iron had
its properties in its soft state. This fact
was of the greatest importance, as it was
sometimes inconvenient to use hard steel.
The discovery was about six years old,
and it evolved gradually from stainless
steel. It was cheaper than the latter.
It was being used for the bright parts
of motor-cars and for pumps, where metal
was required to withstand the corrosive
action of water. As a household propo-
sition, Dr. Barclay added that stainless
iron pots and pans could be made at
prices which were within easy reach of
many people's purses.

appeared. While waiting, test books on
poisoning were reviewed and the different
results were proclaimed to the audience.
When the silver instruments were re-
moved, the one showed no change, but
that from the mouth was a decided dark
yellow and arsenic was strongly suspec-
ted. A further test of a different nature
was suggested but the ligaments refrained
from this procedure.
After much consultation a verdict of
poison was given. This seemed to satisfy
all parties. The audience dispersed in a
very leisurely way. During the long wait
refreshments of cake and candies were
freely served to our table and the
officials to the front of us, but they did
not taste anything but their tea. We
had more leisure and our table suffered.
No one at our table took any active
part in the trial but all paid the most
careful attention to all that was said and
done. The lawyer, the official with the
heavy red velvet trimmings, rose at the
end of the trial and gave the verdict in
a very short and quiet address and it
was all over without the least storm from
anyone.

We were invited further up to a
frugally furnished office and served with
tea, hot soup and later a good Chinese
dinner with all the higher officers, and
we had an opportunity for a good chat.
We were greatly pleased with the de-
corum and sincerity of the whole trial.
It was after six o'clock when we said
good-bye.—N.C. Daily News.



THERE is no worry or anxiety in rearing Baby
healthfully and happily, even in a tropical climate,
when Glaxo is used as Baby's food.

Glaxo is the food that has been used to rear the children
in five Royal Nurseries. Court Physicians see that
Royal Babies have the best and most nourishing food—
that is why Glaxo has been chosen.

Give your Baby Glaxo, and watch the difference after a
few days; see how restfully he sleeps, how contented he is
and how steadily he increases in weight. Ask your Doctor!

Glaxo

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"Builds Bonnie Babies"

W. R. LOXLEY & CO., Sole Agents.

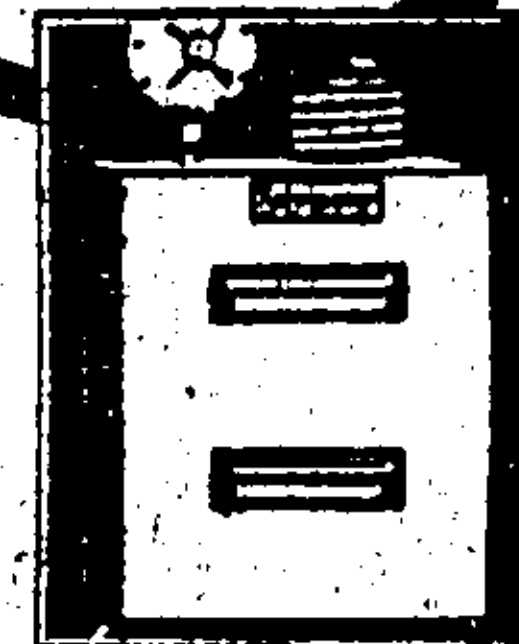
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tric refrigeration,
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tirely automatic—
absolutely reliable.



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does its work smoothly, efficiently.

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as needed, 24 hours a day, and day
after day.

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vinator is the cooling tank, which
fits into the ice compartment of
any good standard refrigerator.

Talk with owners. They will tell
you that Kelvinator does more than
we say it will do.

We invite you and we urge you to
make such inquiries.

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The Hongkong & China Gas Co.'s Showrooms,
or
The China Light & Power Co.'s Showrooms.

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(Analysing 60 per cent. phosphate.)

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THE WING ON Co., Ltd.

BEST FRENCH TABLE CLARET

FROM
The Well Known J. LATRILLE FILS, BORDEAUX.

GRAND VIN (White) ... per bottle \$ 0.95
" " ... per dozen 11.50
" (Red) ... per bottle 0.90
" " ... per dozen 11.00

SOLE AGENTS:

THE FRENCH STORE,
9, BEAUFIELD ARCADE.

SOLE AGENTS
COLGATES
THE BEST
SHAVING SOAP
AND
RIBBON DENTAL CREAM.

CAPT. DOLLAR ON PACIFIC TRADE.

ADDRESSES AMERICAN BUSINESS
COMMUNITY.

Captain Robert Dollar, in addressing members of the American Club and members of the American Chamber of Commerce at dinner on the 26th inst., in the American Club, Shanghai, dwelt at some length on the interlocking prosperity of the United States and China. He asserted that in the past 40 years commerce on the Pacific Ocean had increased "thousands of per cent."

Among the guests who sat at the speaker's table were Judge Purdy; Mr. E. S. Cunningham, American Consul-General; Dr. S. A. Ransom, President of the American Association; Mr. Julian Arnold, American Commercial Attaché; Mr. G. C. Howard, American Trade Commissioner; Mr. E. C. Stocker, President of the American Club; Mr. F. F. Fairman, President of the Chamber of Commerce; and the Directors of the Chamber of Commerce.

Captain Dollar made an impassioned plea for the development of commerce and trade on the Pacific Ocean, stating that the benefits of commercial intercourse reacted favourably and in an increasing ratio on those who took part. Trade was not a matter of one nation, but of all, and the harmony of the whole was only made possible through such individuals as listened to him to-day. He hoped they would all strive for still greater progress in this line.

U.S.A.'s PROSPERITY.

Continuing, Captain Dollar said that there was no country in the world as prosperous as the United States, which could be seen at a glance at the annual banking returns. It was a pleasure to him to note that saving banks were going ahead by leaps and bounds, both in the number of depositors and the increase in individual deposits, these having doubled in the past eight or nine years. Wages of mechanics and skilled artisans were as high as 12 and 14 gold dollars a day, and it was a rare family, indeed, which did not possess a motor-car.

STRAITS IN 1925.

COMPLETE REVIVAL OF TRADE
WITNESSED.

In his report on the Straits Settlements for 1925, the Colonial Secretary, the Hon. Mr. Hayes Marriott, says:—"The year under review witnessed the complete revival of trade. A rubber boom and a steady tin market resulted in trade figures for the year of a magnitude never surpassed in the Colony."

Restriction of the production of rubber remained in force throughout the year and the policy can be said to have fully and completely justified itself.

Prosperity in the two great Malayan industries resulted in a temporary shortage of labour and a considerable increase in wages.

The financial position of the Colony is eminently satisfactory and the year witnessed the establishment of the Opium Reserve Fund.

His Excellency the Governor proceeded to England on leave in May and returned to the Colony in November.

REVENUE EXCEEDS ESTIMATE.
The revenue for the year 1925 amounted to \$3,550,000 exceeding the Estimate by \$26,553,005, whilst the expenditure was \$3,523,959 being \$26,040,766 more than the Estimate.

The revenue was \$25,211,799 more than that of 1924, while expenditure was more than the 1924 figure by \$30,887,643. The excess of expenditure over revenue was \$3,742,999 as compared with an excess of revenue over expenditure of \$1,932,945 in 1924.

The revenue for 1925 was increased by \$20 millions transferred to the Colony from the Currency Commissioners' funds. The expenditure includes \$30 millions paid into the Opium Revenue Reserve Replacement Fund under the Head of Miscellaneous Services, the \$30 millions made up of the \$20 millions from the Currency Commissioners and \$10 millions from the Colony's Surplus Funds.

EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, July 24th.

Paris	108 1/2
Brussels	200
Amsterdam	12.10 1/2
Berlin	20.43
Copenhagen	18.36
Vienna	34.42 1/2
Helsingfors	193 1/2
Lisbon	2.33/64
Buenos Aires	45.7/18
Shanghai	2/11
Kobe	1/11 1/2
New York	4.86 1/2
Geneva	25.1 1/2
Stockholm	18.15/16
Oslo	22.1 1/2
Prague	104 1/2
Madrid	30.8 1/2
Rio	7 1/2
Bombay	1/6.59/64
Hongkong	2/2 1/2
Silver (spot)	23 1/2
Silver (forward)	23.9/16

"COMING COLLAPSE IN RUBBER."

AN INTERESTING DISCUSSION.

This is the title given to a pamphlet written by Mr. L. B. Angus, which he states is an "economic analysis." It is published by King and Hutchings, Ltd., Hillingdon Press, Uxbridge, and priced at 5s. 6d. It is an interesting discussion on the rubber position, that offers some food for thought. The basis on which the author works is the saturation point which he is of opinion has been reached by the American market for motor-cars. Other people have different views. Premising this, he concludes American consumption of rubber has attained its limit, and that it will not advance beyond 300,000 tons a year. The rest of the world is taken to go on increasing its consumption at the rate of 10 per cent. a year. He thus arrives at the period 1928-29, when the market will be over supplied, and the price of raw rubber will have experienced a considerable fall. Later on he mentions the possible cut of 50 per cent. in permitted output under the Stevenson scheme, which had not been announced when he wrote his essay. This, however, he dismisses as being of no apparent effect, because the Dutch interests would simply increase their output. Whether they have the ability to bridge the gap he does not say. To make his points he gives figures in certain alternative consumptions and production, which the reader may select according to his view. A table is given of possible production, consumption and stocks to elucidate what he means. We cannot give particulars, but would recommend readers who peruse the pamphlet to concentrate on columns 2, 9 and 15, where production is estimated up to 1932 at 2 per cent. increase, consumption at 3 per cent. increase, in both cases cumulative, and in the third column indicated we get the resultant stocks.

As we have said, the whole argument is based on the assumption that saturation point has been reached in America. If this is correct he has made out some case, but failing this much is more problematical than even appears to the ordinary person. His counsel to boards of companies is that they should not plant up further acreages, as by so doing they will only prolong the period of depression that must come in a few years. Against this we may set the view that rubber is no longer the luxury that it was scarcely a decade ago, or say, before the war. It is now one of the necessities of the world, required for economically carrying on its business. Prospects seem to be that continued expansion in consumption will take place, utilising all that is produced, though the price of the commodity will probably continue to fluctuate somewhat violently as has been its wont, a condition that prevailed even before plantation rubber was placed on the market.—China Express and Telegraph.

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

July 26th, 1926.

Hongkong Bank	\$1.130 aa.
Do.	London 213 1/2 nom.
Chartered Bank	220 1/2 buy.
Mercantile Bank, A. & B.	230 1/2 nom.
Do.	U. 213 1/2 nom.
P. & O. Bank	224 buy.
East Asia Bank	38 1/2 buy.
Canton Insurance	230 buy, 640 sel.
China Underwriters	\$1.80 buy.
North China Insurance	Tls. 145 nom.
Union Insurance	\$291 sel.
Yangtze Insurance	335 buy.
China Fire Insurance	\$200 buy.
Hongkong Fire Insurance	\$300 buy.
Dongassee	\$35 buy.
H.K. U. & M. Steamers	228 1/2 buy, 265 aa.
Hongkong Trust	22 1/2 nom.
Indo-China (Pref.)	330 buy.
Do. (Def.)	340 nom.
Shall Transports	50/- sel.
Star Furnace	367 1/2 sel.
Waterboats	315 nom.
China Sugars	224 buy.
Malayan Sugars	333 buy.
Bangkok	31 1/2 nom.
Kwai-ching Mining	40/- nom.
Longcase (combined)	Tls. 24 buy.
Do. (single)	Tls. 12 1/2 nom.
Shanghai Exchanges	Tls. 64 nom.
Shanghai Loans	Tls. 7 nom.
Banks	31 1/2 buy.
Tongkah Mines	64/- buy.
Ural Caspian	8/- nom.
H.K. & K. Wharves	112 1/2 buy.
H.K. & W. Docks	354 buy.
Hongkong	Tls. 170 buy.
New Engineering	Tls. 530 buy.
Shanghai Docks	Tls. 119 buy.
H.K. & S. Hotels	Tls. 110 nom.
Hongkong Lands	\$55 buy.
Hongkong Realty	\$55 buy.
H.K. Territorials	\$5 nom.
H.K. Developments	15 cts. sel.
Hampshire Estates	114 1/2 buy.
Prince's Buildings	\$90 sel.
Rural Lands	31 1/2 buy.
Evo Cottons	Tls. 9 buy.
Oriental	Tls. 270 sel.
Shanghai Cottons (old)	Tls. 51 buy.
Do. (new)	Tls. 23 buy.
China Bank	Tls. 10 1/2 buy.
Hongkong Traders	32 1/2 nom.
Peak (old)	31 1/2 buy.
Do. (new)	37 1/2 nom.
Singapore Traction	10/8 buy, 12/- sel.
Tams	33 sel.
Announcements	31 1/2 nom.
Canton Loan	37 1/2 nom.
Cements (combined)	10 1/2 nom.
Do. (old)	12 nom.
Do. (new)	12 nom.
China Lights (combined)	21 nom.
Do. (old)	21 1/2 nom.
China Providents	21 1/2 nom.
China Construction	24 nom.
Dairy Farms	184 buy.
Der A. Wings	33 sel.
Hongkong Electric	38 nom.
Macao Electric	35 nom.
H.K. Ropes (combined)	223 sel.
Do. (old)	210 sel.
Do. (new)	25 sel.
East Crawfords	39 nom.
Mackintosh	919 1/2 nom.
Sinners	311 nom.
United Assurance	310 nom.
Watsons (old)	310 nom.
Wm. Powell	34 1/2 nom.
Buy—buyers	nom.—nominal
Sell—sellers	aa.—ask

QUEEN'S

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

PETER THE GREAT
the Wonder Dog,

WILD JUSTICE

The Observer Says, "Peter easily qualifies for the blue ribbon among police dog actors for the screen. He carries off every situation as if from natural instinct instead of fine training."

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SAM KU, JNR.

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AND

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20 Wharves	B15	200/500 Telephones	BR15, A14
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LONDON VALUATION.

A RECORD INCREASE.

Record increases in the gross and rateable values of London are recorded as a result of the recent quinquennial valuation. The new list shows gross values for the county (excluding the City) and for the administrative county of £24,641,635 and £27,388,277 respectively, giving an increase in the first case of £10,131,142, or 39.6 per cent., and in the second of £11,342,809, or 18.9 per cent. The rateable values compare with those for last year as follows:—

	County Administrative (excluding the City), County.	County.
April, 1926	£27,388,277	£25,925,427
April, 1925	43,654,407	50,403,031

Increases £4,201,976 £5,522,396

These figures represent increases of 9.6 and 11 per cent. respectively.

In reporting the results to the London County Council, the Local Government Committee of that body state that the increase of £5,522,396 in rateable value is by far the largest which has ever been made as the result of a quinquennial valuation, the previous highest being that at the 1920 revaluation, which resulted in an increase of £2,750,112. The only other increases exceeding £3,000,000 occurred at the revaluations of 1880 and 1900. The increase is largely due to an attempt to bring the assessments more into accord with post-war values, but it also includes amounts for new buildings and alterations.

(Continued at foot of next Column.)

FALSE BANK NOTES.

HOW GERMAN FIRMS DEAL WITH FORGERS.

BERLIN, July 10th.
Apparently some residents in British overseas territories are under the impression that reputable German printing firms are prepared to forge for them unlimited quantities of bank notes.

Several such firms have received letters from Africa, India and Australia, enclosing Black notes with a request that they be copied exactly. For example, a letter from British West Africa, to which was attached a West African 50-pound note, ordered a large supply of similar notes which were to be sent to Africa concealed in concertinas.

The firms concerned handed the letters to the Forgery Department of the Reich Bank which informed the British authorities.

The British Embassy sent each firm a reward of £50.

tions to existing buildings for which no figures are available. The average increase of rateable value shown by the supplemental lists for the last three years was about £500,000. Assuming that this increase was due to new buildings and alterations to existing buildings, and that this figure would have applied for the year 1925-26, the increase in rateable value due to revaluation would be about £4,240,000.

HAWKES SUN HELMETS

Light weight body covered fine white drill, muslin puggaree.

Fitted with the new "self adjusting" white leather head lining which will not stain the head with excessive perspiration.

Thoroughly well made and finished

\$14.50

WE ALLOW 10% DISCOUNT FOR CASH

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MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS
ALEXANDRA BUILDING, DES VOEUX ROAD

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[P.B.]

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The Finest Quality and the Freshest in Hongkong.

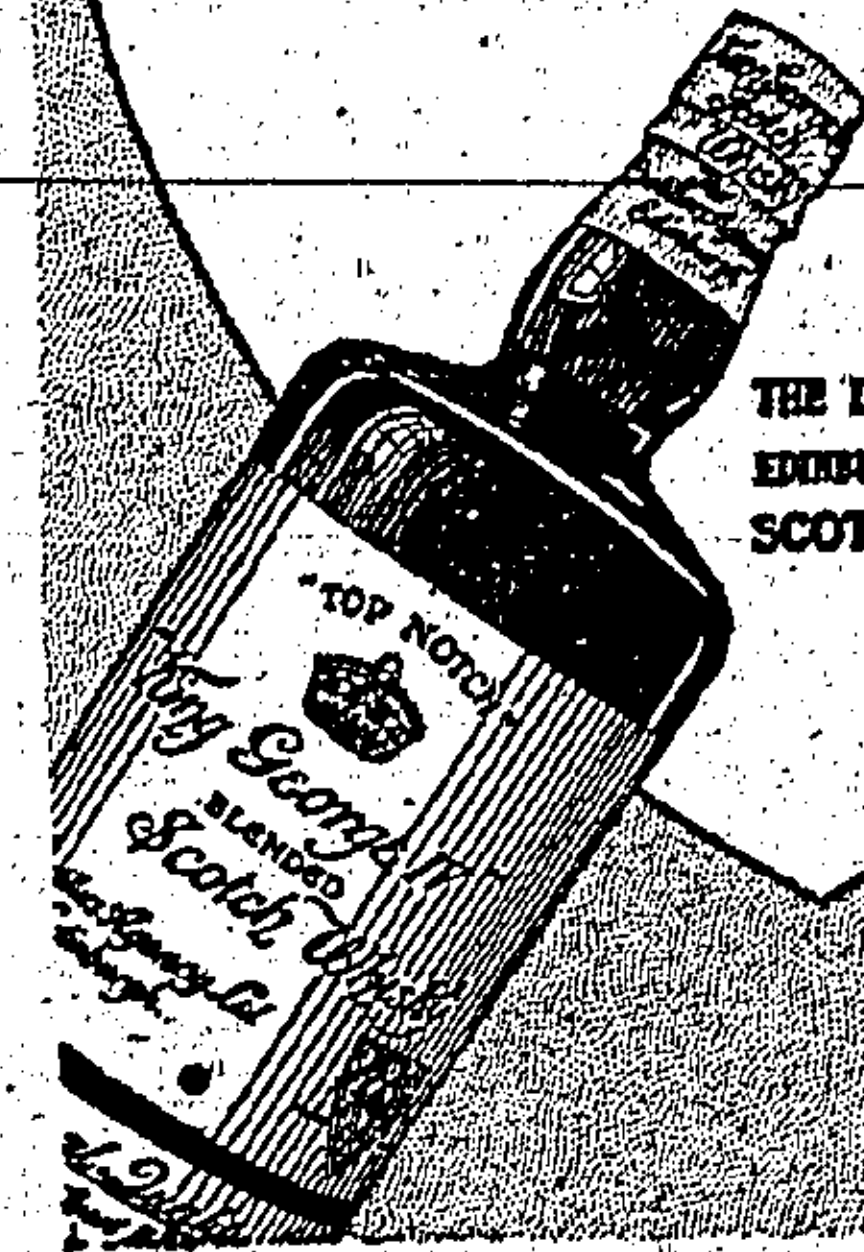
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[A.P.B.]

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in Seasoned Wood.



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HONGKONG.

CAFE CASE CONCLUDED.

MR. DURAND FINED AND BOUND
OVER.

MADAME FLINT TO BE
SUMMONED.

The case arising out of the fracas on the night of French National Day (July 14th) at the recently opened Cafe Parisien, Pedder Street, was concluded before Mr. R. E. Lindsell, at the Central Magistracy yesterday afternoon.

On the charge of using abusive language to Mrs. Taylor, Mr. J. L. Durand, partner with Madame Flint in the Cafe, was bound over. On the charge of kicking her he was fined \$50; while on the charge of striking a police officer he was fined a similar sum. Two other summonses, one brought by Mr. Taylor, alleging abusive language, and the other brought by the police, alleging fighting in the street, were dismissed.

On the charge of disorderly conduct on the 14th-15th inst., Mr. L. C. Taylor, formerly manager of the Cafe Parisien, was fined \$5 and bound over.

It was intimated that summonses are being issued against Madame Flint, part owner of the Cafe, for abusive language and assault respectively.

ASSAULT AND BAD LANGUAGE.

Mr. Durand continued his evidence and, as requested by Mr. Taylor at a previous hearing, produced the chits signed by himself on the night of July 14th. Witnesses stated that one of the chits for \$8 was in respect of people dining at his table at his expense that evening. All the drinks and wines mentioned in the six chits produced were either consumed by the guests at his table, or were sent upstairs by him to other friends who were dining at the Cafe.

Questioned by Mr. Taylor as to the alleged abusive language used, Mr. Durand emphatically denied that he called Mr. and Mrs. Taylor "fools." He also flatly denied that he kicked Mrs. Taylor, and that he struck a policeman.

Mr. Hugh Jones (appearing for Mr. Durand) at this point objected to Mr. Taylor putting the question regarding the striking of the policeman. Mr. Jones commented that this did not concern the case. Mr. Taylor's interest did not go beyond "the 1.15 musical tiffin incident."

Mr. Taylor, on being ruled out of order by his Worship, withdrew this question.

AN OBJECTION.

Mr. Jones further objected to Mr. Taylor cross-examining Mr. Durand at all. It was not his case, it was his wife's, and if Mr. Taylor was asking questions, Mr. Jones contended they should be put through his Worship.

His Worship replied that strictly speaking Mrs. Taylor should cross-examine the witness, but he had considered that Mr. Taylor should be permitted to ask questions on behalf of his wife.

Mr. Jones added that he was objecting as a solicitor, and not merely as a representative of Mr. Durand. He did not press the objection that Mr. Taylor should not be permitted to cross-examine, but he asked his Worship to keep a censorious eye on Mr. Taylor's questions.

"TOO DRUNK TO REMEMBER."

Mr. Taylor asked if witnesses had been lying when they had stated that they heard Mr. Durand call him a "fool." To this Mr. Durand replied that everyone could make mistakes.

Mr. Taylor: And when I say it I am lying?—Mr. Durand: You, you don't remember anything at all. You were too drunk.

Mr. Taylor: And all the evidence that these people have given is lies?—Mr. Durand: Yes.

Mr. Taylor: And you are telling the truth?—Mr. Durand: Of course, I am.

QUESTION OF DRINK.

Mr. Taylor proceeded to question Mr. Durand respecting the allegation that he and Mrs. Taylor had been in the habit of drinking a great deal since they came to the Cafe.

Mr. Taylor asked if this were the case, did Mr. Durand think it was good policy to keep drunken people around the place?

Mr. Durand: I was going to teach you how to behave yourself next day, and also teach you the business of the Cafe, which neither of you knew anything about.

Mr. Taylor: And it took you five days to find out that, and to come to the conclusion that you were going to teach me the business?—Mr. Durand: Yes.

MADAME FLINT SUMMONED.

At this juncture, Mr. Taylor asked his Worship if he was in order to put a question to Mr. Durand regarding his (Mr. Taylor's) successor.

His Worship remarked that he had signed summonses that day against Madame Flint, for abusive language and assault respectively. These summonses concerned Mr. Taylor's successor, and he had arranged for them to be taken by the second magistrate. He therefore thought they would leave things as they were respecting Mr. Taylor's successor.

Continuing his cross-examination, Mr. Taylor asked: Do you remember receiving a cable from Mr. Williams in which he said he recommended two efficient and capable people?—Mr. Durand: Yes.

And when did you ask me for my references?—When you came. Mr. Durand added that he went to Shanghai and engaged a Mr. Williams to come to Hongkong as manager of the Cafe, but later he could not come and recommended Mr. Taylor.

ACTUALLY ENGAGED.

Mr. Taylor: So you had actually engaged me, and if I had produced the worst references you would have had to keep me for three months?—Mr. Durand admitted, after further questions, that he had engaged Mr. Taylor, for three months with or without references. He engaged them both on a three months' trial.

Shown a copy of a letter sent by Mr. Durand, his Worship said that this showed that Mr. and Mrs. Taylor were engaged for three months.

Mr. Durand agreed, but added that although the letters might show this, that was not his intention.

NEVER SLAPPED BY A LADY.

With reference to Mr. Durand being slapped in the face by Mrs. Taylor, Mr. Taylor asked if he had ever been slapped by a lady before.

Mr. Durand replied that he had not. Asked if he had had employed any English people before, witness replied that he had not.

Asked if the Cafe had employed three English people in the last two weeks, Mr. Durand replied that he had only engaged Mr. and Mrs. Taylor. He had nothing to do with the engaging of a Mr. Jeffery.

Mr. Taylor: My wife and myself are not working for you now?—Mr. Durand: You left without giving notice.

Is Mr. Jeffery working for you now?—I don't know.

A TISSUE OF LIES.

Mr. Taylor suggested that but for one or two exceptions Mr. Durand's evidence was nothing but a tissue of lies from beginning to end.

Asked by Mr. Taylor if he agreed with this, Mr. Durand replied: I do not.

Questioned by Sub-Inspector Phillips, Mr. Durand denied striking the policeman outside the Cafe. He added that if he did happen to strike him it was purely accidental, and he had no intention of doing so as he himself was a special constable.

PLENTY OF CAUSE.

Madame Flint, part-owner of the Cafe Parisien, went into the witness box, and on being asked if she had had any cause for dissatisfaction with Mr. and Mrs. Taylor, she replied that "she had plenty of cause."

Referring to the afternoon of July 14th, she said Mr. Taylor was under the influence of drink and was not fit to go about the business of the Cafe. She asked Mrs. Taylor to tell him to go and rest, in order to be fit for the evening's work.

She also mentioned to Mrs. Taylor that in Hongkong they did not wait any lady in attendance at the service bar. Mrs. Taylor asked for a letter telling her not to attend to the service bar, and she was referred to Mr. Durand for it.

In reply to a question, Madame Flint said that Mr. and Mrs. Taylor had never been dismissed.

A NUMBER OF DRINKS.

A Chinese "boy" at the Cafe was called by Mr. Jones, and stated that he had served a number of drinks to Mr. and Mrs. Taylor. They usually started drinking, he said, just after nine o'clock in the morning. They continued to have a number of drinks throughout the day.

This witness produced three bottles containing whisky, gin, and vermouth. They were about a third full, and Mr. Taylor suggested that they were all three opened on the 10th inst. Witness, however, said they were opened on the 12th.

Mr. Taylor: Did I have a few words with you on the quality of the drinks, you were producing?—Witness: Yes.

Asked by Mr. Jones to explain what the nature of the complaint was, witness replied that it was in respect to "Singapore Gin Sling." Mr. Taylor told him he should not put cherry brandy in them, but red wine.

This concluded all the evidence in the case.

TWO SUMMONSES DISCUSSED.

Mr. Jones briefly addressed the Court on behalf of Mr. Durand. Speaking of the summonses referring to the 1.15 incident with regard to the late arrival of the band for the musical tiffin, Mr. Jones said Mr. Taylor alleged that he had been called a "fool" by Mr. Durand.

Mr. Durand in his turn had flatly denied making this expression. He submitted that the evidence did not bear out the charge of "profane, threatening, and abusive language." If his Worship convicted on this summons it would be possible for anyone to go down the street, have a conversation with someone and issue a summons for abusive language. There was no corroborative evidence in respect of this summons.

His Worship agreed and dismissed the summons for profane language against Mr. Durand.

Continuing, Mr. Jones next dealt with the police summonses, which charged Mr. Durand with fighting in the street, and with assaulting a police constable. Mr. Jones, dealing with the first summons, contended that there was no proof of a fight, and the police sergeant had admitted that he did not actually see blows struck.

His Worship agreed and dismissed this summons.

STRIKING AN OFFICER.

Referring to the summons for striking a police officer, Mr. Jones said the position was that the police officer said he was struck by Mr. Durand, and Mr. Durand denied it. Mr. Durand would naturally be very excited and might have thought that it was Mr. Taylor, or someone else, interfering with him in the street and would struggle. He asked his Worship to believe that Mr. Durand did not strike the officer.

His Worship: I agree with the police evidence, and I convict on this summons.

Referring to the two summonses brought by Mrs. Taylor, alleging abusive language and assault by kicking, Mr. Jones held that it was highly improbable that Mrs. Taylor had been actually kicked. If she had been, Madame Landau, standing by, would certainly have been impressed by it.

With regard to the abusive language, Mr. Jones argued that this was a false charge, as no gentleman would call a lady a "fool," because she had simply informed him that her husband was in the Cafe.

(Continued on next column.)

OBITUARY.

MR. W. MURRAY SCOTT.

Friends in Hongkong will regret to learn of the death, on June 23rd following, of an operation performed in London, of Mr. William Murray Scott, formerly manager of the Taikoo Sugar Refinery in Hongkong. The late Mr. Murray Scott, who retired from the East some years ago, was only 58 years of age and resided since his return home at Wake-mills, Haslemere, Surrey. The remains were cremated at Golders Green crematorium on June 25th, the service being private.

MR. C. W. HAY.

A prominent resident of Shanghai in his day, Mr. Charles William Hay has died at the advanced age of 84 years. The death took place at his home, Ashurst Wood House, East Grinstead, on June 24th, and the funeral was at Tunbridge Wells Cemetery on June 25th. It is many years since the late Mr. Hay left the Far East, his departure coinciding with the merging of the docking and engineering firm of L. C. Farham, Boyd & Co. in the Shanghai Dock & Engineering Co., Ltd. He was largely interested in the former, and had as contemporaries the late Mr. John Prentice and Mr. H. W. Lester.

REV. T. D. ANDERSON.

Wesleyan Methodism has lost a well-known and highly respected minister by the death at Bramhall, Stockport, of the Rev. Theophilus D. Anderson, B.A., father of the Rev. W. J. Webb Anderson, M.B., C.B.E., the medical missionary, who spent over 20 years in Fatsan, near Canton, and who is now resident in England.

LT.-COL. DOBBIN.

The death took place on June 25th, at the Abbey House, Armagh, of Lieut.-Colonel William James Knowles Dobbin, C.B.E., late of the India Army and the Rifle Brigade, in his 70th year. He served in six Indian expeditions, and was also at the relief of the Peking Legations. During the European War Colonel Dobbin served at Mudros and with the Egyptian Expeditionary Force.—*China Express and Telegraph*.

MR. H. E. S. PICKERING.

We regret to record the death of another well-known Shanghai resident, Mr. H. E. S. Pickering, who died at the Country Hospital this morning at the age of 42, says the *Shanghai Mercury* of July 21st.

The late Mr. Pickering went into hospital some little time ago to undergo an operation for gall-stones. He came out of the operation successfully, it was thought, but suffered a relapse.

Deceased was one of the best known piece-goods merchants doing business in Shanghai. He had been a resident of Shanghai for many years and had acquired a large circle of friends. He had several connections with local firms. The first of these was Messrs. Weeks & Co., Ltd., and he was also for some time a member of the firm of Fraser & Co., Ltd. At the time of his death he was Shanghai representative of Thos. Guthrie & Co., London Manufacturing Representatives, Ltd.'s building.

Deceased leaves a wife and small son.

PENANG HILLS RAILWAY.

88,235 PASSENGERS CARRIED
DURING 1925.

The Penang Hills Railway continued to be operated successfully by the Municipal Commissioners on behalf of Government.

The total revenue for 1925 was \$79,098 the expenditure amounted to \$89,446.

There was therefore a profit in the working of the undertaking of \$9,352 but no provision was made for interest on capital, or for anything in the nature of a sinking fund or depreciation.

A good deal of work of a capital nature (such as drains, pitchings, culverts and the new Tunnel Station) was however paid for out of revenue.

The financial results at this stage may be considered to be satisfactory.

The Capital Account at the end of the year stood at \$1,573,228. The total number of passengers carried during the year was 88,235, the mileage covered by the cars being 17,077.16 miles.

PURELY VINDICTIVE.

Concluding, Mr. Jones said: The parties concerned have been at loggerheads almost since arriving. So much have they been at loggerheads that they finally came to blows on the evening in question. I submit that these proceedings are purely vindictive, and perhaps brought as a preliminary to the action now pending in the Supreme Court. I submit that both these summonses were issued by Mrs. Taylor out of spite, knowing that the charges contained in them were absolutely false. I ask your Worship to dismiss both summonses.

THE FINDING.

His Worship: I am satisfied that Mr. Durand did kick Mrs. Taylor and did use bad language.

On the charge of using bad language, I bind him over in a personal bond of \$100 to keep the peace for 12 months.

On the charge of kicking Mrs. Taylor I fine him \$50.

On the charge of striking a police officer I fine him \$50.

With regard to Mr. Taylor, on the original charge, I fine him \$5, and order him to sign a personal bond to keep the peace for 12 months.

[Mr. and Mrs. Taylor are suing Mr. Durand in the Summary Court tomorrow afternoon, for alleged breach of contract; while Mr. Durand is counter-claiming because Mr. and Mrs. Taylor left his service without giving notice.]

CHOLERA EPIDEMIC IN
SHANGHAI.

DOCTORS DESCRIBE SITUATION
AS "VERY SERIOUS."

The port of Shanghai is at present faced with a very serious epidemic of cholera, said by Drs. W. L. and W. S. New, the well-known Shanghai Chinese doctors, to be the heaviest since 1920.

A visit on July 26th to the formal opening of the Chinese Infectious Diseases Hospital in Thibet Road found the place full of people, mostly of the poorer class suffering from the disease, says the *N.C. Daily News*. Dirty and ragged, they lay on the beds and on the floors receiving saline transfusion treatment, at the hands of the doctors who did not have as much as five minutes' rest the whole day and who had no time to talk. Whilst hundreds of patients were being treated, many were being brought in on stretchers, on cane chairs or supported by their friends.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

SEQUEL TO ROBBERY AT
GARDENER'S HUT.

ONE MAN DISCHARGED.

The Criminal Sessions opened before Mr. Justice Wood (the Puisne Judge), yesterday.

Three Chinese were charged with being implicated in a robbery at a gardener's hut near the Chater Bungalow, Kowloon, on June 23rd. An alternative charge of receiving stolen property was preferred against the third prisoner.

The first prisoner was defended by Mr. H. G. Sheldon (instructed by Mr. A. J. Donoghue), whilst Mr. H. K. Holmes, prosecuted for the Crown.

Statements made to the police by two of the prisoners were in effect a confession as to their having been connected with the robbery.

NOCTURNAL VISITORS.

The complainant, an old gardener, said he was lying on his bed at 8 p.m. smoking opium when he was aroused by two men, who stated that they were authorised to search his hut for opium.

They then seized him and one of them wrenched away his belt, which contained a watch, a ring, and a pen-knife. He recognised the first prisoner as the man who had held him by the throat. The old man was roughly handled, and was left on the floor with his hands tied behind his back. After the robbers departed he got to his feet and went to the roadway, where he met a Portuguese, who unlocked his bonds.

A Chinese doctor deposed that the first prisoner was ill on the day the alleged robbery was committed.

A verdict of "Guilty" was returned against the first and third prisoners, and they were each sentenced to two years' imprisonment. The second prisoner was found "Not Guilty" and discharged.

DOYEN OF MISSIONARIES IN
MALAYA.

THE LATE REV. J. A. B. COOK.

We regret to announce that news has reached Singapore of the death of the Rev. J. A. B. Cook, formerly of the Presbyterian Mission at Singapore, at Malcesine, Italy, on July 13th.

The late Mr. Cook, who was born at South Shields in 1854, was a very well-known figure in Singapore up to the time of his retirement last year, and was the doyen of Malayan missionaries, having spent 42 years in Malaya.

He spoke one of the Chinese dialects fluently, and took an active part in missionary work among the Chinese in the Colony and Johore, the congregation at the Prinsep Street Church being his particular charge for many years.

He opened churches and schools in Singapore and Johore, helped to resuscitate the Presbyterian Church at Penang and was the founder of the church at Kuala Lumpur. He was one of the founders of the Y.M.C.A. movement in Malaya, and was a keen social worker.

He was a frequent contributor to the local Press, and was the author of several books, including *Sunny Singapore*, *Apasaka Tunn*, *Sir Thomas Stamford Raffles*, etc.

Mrs. Elsieport, wife of Mr. J. D. Pierrepont, manager of the Oriental Telephone and Electric Company at Singapore, is a daughter of the late Mr. Cook. Mrs. Jeanne Cook, whom the deceased married in 1882, died in 1923, and Mr. Cook married at Home last year a lady by whom he is survived.—*Straits Times*.

The *Straits Times* of the 16th inst. states:—We regret to announce the death, from peritonitis, this morning, at the General Hospital, Singapore, of Mr. Edward S. Stanbury-Eardley, of Munster River Estate, Johore Bahru. Deceased, who was 22 years of age, had been in this country less than two years, having arrived here in October, 1924. He took a keen interest in sports, particularly cricket, football and tennis. He was educated at Denstone College and Selwyn, Cambridge.

MARTIAL LAW IN KWANGTUNG.

A PRECAUTIONARY MEASURE.

TO COME INTO FORCE ON AUGUST 1st.

CANTON WITH ONLY TWO NEWSPAPERS.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

In order to prevent trouble after the departure of the Kuomintang Army, the Kuomintang authorities in Canton have decided to put the whole Province under martial law on or about August 1st. General Li Tsai Hsin, Chief of Staff, and and Officer Commanding the 4th Army Corps, will be acting Commander-in-Chief in Kwangtung during the absence of General Chiang Kai Shek.

To supervise the 98 districts of the Province, General Li will divide them into seven military departments and a military officer of high rank will be placed in charge of each department. General Chiang Kai Shek has been very busy the last few days attending farewell dinners and receptions given in his honour, prior to his departure for Shikwan on his way to Hunan.

General Chiang Kai Shek is said to be considerably annoyed at the attitude adopted by the Canton General Chamber of Commerce towards the Northern Expedition. The Chamber, so far, has raised only \$300,000 out of the \$500,000 required from the merchants and General Chiang has ordered it to remit the balance of \$200,000 at an early date.

LABOUR CHIEF.

Mr. Chen Shu Jen, one time a student in Canada and the United States and for the last 12 months Secretary to the Kuomintang Political Commission, will become Chief of the Labour Division of the Kuomintang, in addition to his many other duties.

FLOOD VICTIMS.

Many requests for relief have been received from the districts bordering the principal rivers of Kwangtung owing to the damage done by flood. The Kuomintang, however, has decided that it cannot afford any financial assistance because of the large sums demanded by the Northern Expedition.

OFFER OF REWARD RENEWED.

Upon the request of Mrs. Liao Chung Hoi, a widow of the late Kuomintang Labour Division Chief, who was assassinated on August 20th, 1925, the Kuomintang Central Executive Committee has renewed its reward of \$30,000 for the capture of Mr. Chu Chuk Man, a former director-general of the Kwangtung Arsenal, who is alleged to have been the chief conspirator in bringing about the death of his former associate in the Kuomintang circle. According to some reports Mr. Chu has been seen lately around Macao. On July 20th, one Leung Pok, convicted of being one of the conspirators in Mr. Liao's death, was executed.

THE CANTON PRESS.

The Kuomintang Workers' Conference in Canton, claiming the support of some 172 labour unions and 170,000 men, will soon become more powerful than the Kuomintang Central Executive Committee itself, according to Chinese newspapermen whose usefulness in Canton is now being undermined by labour tyranny. As reported yesterday the *Yin Chiang Pao*, one of the best known newspapers, was boycotted by order of the Workers Union. The *Seventy-two Commercial Guilds Journal* had to suspend publication because of the refusal of the printers to work unless a minimum wage of \$21 is assured each man.

The decision of the Canton Press Association on July 24th to suspend all publications has now rendered Canton newspaperless as far as non-partisan and privately owned journals are concerned. The only two papers still running are the Kuomintang papers, the *Min Kuo Jih Pao* and the *Kuo Min Sen Wen*.

OFF TO THE PRATAS.

The Chinese cruiser *Hai Yung* left for the Pratas on Sunday. Of the officials in Hongkong, who were to have gone down, several had to decline the invitation because of pressure of work, but Mr. N. R. M. Shaw, acting Deputy Commissioner of Chinese Maritime Customs, was on board.

PROF. LANGSNER'S FEAT.

HIDDEN ARTICLE FOUND IN QUICK TIME.

CONCEALED IN HONGKONG CLUB.

A REMARKABLE SPECTACLE.

His right hand gripped like a vice in the hand of another, his black eyestark staring, his body frequently shivering convulsively; the man, now and again, hurrying like a hunted hare; at other times tottering, swaying and panting, Professor Langsner presented a spectacle that awed and fascinated. Passers by paused, gaped and followed, as hopeless to resist as if the Pied Piper of Hamelin had come to Hongkong.

Such was the spectacle in certain Hongkong streets yesterday evening.

The weird little man, as stated, was Professor Maximilian Langsner, the telepathist. His companion was Mr. D. H. Cameron, head of the local office of the Standard Oil Company.

The telepathist was hunting to find an article which had been concealed earlier in the day by Mr. Cameron and Mr. C. D. Melbourne, the Deputy Registrar, at the Supreme Court.

HOW THE HUNT ORIGINATED.

The "hunt" was the sequel of a challenge issued by the *Hongkong Telegraph* to the Professor, who had declared that he would find a concealed article. His only stipulation was that before beginning the search he should meet the gentlemen who had hidden the article.

A small committee comprising Mr. Cameron, Mr. Melbourne and Mr. F. P. Franklin, manager of the *Hongkong Telegraph*, was then formed for the purpose. None of these gentlemen had ever seen the Professor. The selection of the article and the choice of hiding place was left to Mr. Cameron and Mr. Melbourne. Mr. Franklin accompanied them and remained in their company until all met the Professor, at the office of the *Telegraph* between 4.15 and 4.30 p.m. yesterday. Then the search began.

A STRANGE SIGHT.

The Professor clasped Mr. Cameron's hand, and hurried down Flower Street. Traversing Queen's Road he turned eastwards. At times he moved slowly and tottered and swayed. Now and then he left the pavement for the street, but returned. He rocked his head backwards and forwards, perspired freely and at times panted furiously. A few times he turned back a few paces, and the persons following stepped aside quickly. On went the leader and the led. The same contortions were seen again and again, but on reaching the wall beneath the Murray Barracks football ground, the telepathist became wilder. He led Mr. Cameron across the drain, which has been newly cut in the roadway, and once tried to spring on the railings. He again turned, crossed the tramway track, and on towards the Hongkong Cricket Club. He paused at the gateway stretch, and out his hand and hurried on again.

LIKE A MAN DEMENTED.

Reaching the Hongkong Club he became even more than ever excited. He actually dragged Mr. Cameron along. Hurrying up the steps he once again paused as he reached the vestibule. Then the muscles of his face became taut, he panted furiously and was actually like a man demented. He stamped furiously, surged forward and with his unloosened hand rolled two mats away. The article was not found, and it was somewhat pitiful to see the man's face—agony seemed large-writ upon it. He tottered a few paces, his whole body became rigid. Then, to the astonishment of all, the Professor struck a large China pedestal with his fist; lurched forward, raised it from the ground, and picked up a fountain pen, which had lain concealed beneath. The missing article!

Mr. Cameron nodded, and the telepathist smiled, and then swayed a little. He was given a seat in a room nearby, and, in a short time, had completely revived.

As the telepathist carried out the last stages of his search in the Club vestibule, a crowd surged behind him.

Everybody, excepting the Professor himself, looked bewildered. The search lasted about twenty minutes.

Professor Langsner is to appear at the City Hall to-night, and the audience should be a large one.

DR. KOCH WINS.

LARGE MAJORITY SEND HIM TO LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

HIGH PERCENTAGE OF VOTES REGISTERED.

Dr. W. V. M. Koch was yesterday evening elected to represent the Justices of the Peace on the Legislative Council, during the absence of Sir Henry Pollock, K.C. He defeated Mr. C. G. Alabaster, K.C., by 47 votes.

Dr. Koch was nominated by Mr. F. C. Jenkin and seconded by Mr. A. S. D. Cousland, whilst Mr. Alabaster was nominated and seconded, respectively, by Sir Henry Pollock and Mr. Paul Lauder.

The number of non-official justices entitled to vote was 138, many of whom are, however, at present absent from the Colony.

Of the 103 justices in the Colony, at present, 91 recorded their votes.

Mr. R. E. Lindsell, who acted as presiding officer, was assisted by Major C. Willson and a Chinese clerk.

Voting began at 4.30 p.m. and continued until 5.30, when the ballot boxes were closed. The voters steadily came in and most of the votes were registered early.

When the votes were being counted, the candidates and the Press were requested to withdraw.

The counting was soon over, and the Presiding Officer announced the result.

Dr. Koch had polled 69 votes and Mr. Alabaster 22. The candidates shook hands; and the election terminated.

LANGSNER CHARGED WITH ASSAULT.

AN INCIDENT IN THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

ABHORRENCE OF JAZZ.

Professor Langsner, the telepathist, appeared before Mr. R. E. Lindsell, at the Central Magistracy yesterday morning, as the defendant in a summons for assault, preferred against him by the head-boy of the Hongkong Hotel.

COMPLAINANT'S STORY.

Mr. R. A. Wadson, of Messrs. Deacons, appeared for the head-boy, Lee Wai, whilst Professor Langsner conducted his own case.

In giving a brief outline of the case, after dealing with the allegation of assault, Mr. Wadson said that the Professor made an offer for compensation, but afterwards withdrew it. The authorities of the hotel then felt that the matter was out of their hands and that the boy must take his own measures.

Lee Wai said that on the evening of the 26th, the Professor was in the dining room with a friend. On being handed the order chit book he threw it on the floor, and ordered witness away. Witness went to the verandah and whilst seated there on a chair, the Professor came up to him and struck him on the chest.

A SIXTY-DOLLAR BLOW.

At an interview between himself, the Manager and the defendant, the latter offered to give \$5 as compensation. Witness refused the offer, and went to see a native doctor, who agreed to cure him for \$60.

The Magistrate: One blow in the chest cost \$60?

Witness: That is what the physician demands. And you agreed to pay it?—Yes. His Worship: You are hopeless.

Witness: I was given several doses of medicine and other medicine for local treatment of the injury. In reply to further questions, witness said he had been thirty-five years in the service of the Hongkong Hotel Company and had never had a complaint made against him. He worked continuously during the period of the strike of last year.

EXORBITANT CHARGE.

Professor Langsner remarked that the complainant demanded \$60 compensation, and because it was refused, he summoned him.

Mr. Robertson, assistant-manager of the Hotel, said that defendant refused to pay the bill for \$60, when it was handed to him. He had previously offered \$5. Witness further stated that the "boy" bore an excellent character, and never had been complained of previously.

The Magistrate remarked that \$60 was exorbitant.

Another Hotel "boy" corroborated the evidence of the complainant.

"BOLSHEEVISTIC" TREATMENT.

Professor Langsner said that owing to his abhorrence of jazz he had arranged for a special table for dinner away from it when it was played. That night before he was actually seated at the table with his secretary, the "boy" ordered him away from it. Because of this "Bolshevik" treatment he lost his temper and pushed the "boy" away. Why he was later induced to change his mind in the matter of compensation was because he met a friend, Mr. Bagram, in the Hotel, who, after listening to the story, advised him strongly against paying even a cent.

Mr. Bagram agreed that it was "Bolshevistic treatment." Witness, in conclusion, said he would not have minded giving as much as \$100 to a woman and her child to save them from starving, but paying \$60 to the "boy" in a matter in which he (the Professor) was the insulted party—that was not to be thought of.

The case was adjourned to enable Professor Langsner to bring his witnesses.

CUSTOMS OFFICER FIRED UPON.

PICKET OUTRAGE AT HOIHOW.

AN UNPLEASANT EXPERIENCE.

NO DAMAGE DONE.

A correspondent at Hoihow, Hainan Island, writes that Mr. Neville, of the Chinese Maritime Customs, was fired upon by Strike pickets, on Thursday, July 15th, as he was returning in a Customs boat to the shore.

Mr. Neville had been visiting the French steamer *Hanoi* and presumably the pickets suspected that he was bringing back with him stores for some of the European residents in Hoihow. They fired four rounds but Mr. Neville would not stop. No one was injured and the Customs boat was not damaged but it was a decidedly unpleasant experience for those under fire.

There is no doubt a protest has been lodged with the Authorities, and it is hoped that Canton will shortly realise that it is impossible for them to maintain order while they permit irresponsible pickets to use firearms indiscriminately in this way. While pickets remain armed these outrages, to the discredit of the Government, are bound to recur.

RADIATOR COVER STOLEN.

MISSING ARTICLE FOUND IN SCHOOLYARD.

HAWKER CHARGED.

Before Mr. R. E. Lindsell, at the Central Magistracy this morning, a marine hawker was charged with the theft of a motor-car radiator badge and, alternatively, with receiving the article knowing same to have been stolen.

Evidence was given that the motor-car, belonging to Mr. W. K. Reynolds, of the Hongkong University, was left at Lyttleton Road. On Mr. Reynolds returning to the car, the cover of the radiator, on which was mounted the Hongkong Automobile Association badge had disappeared.

A report was immediately made and the same day a constable accosted the defendant and another man, who halted on seeing the constable, leaving behind some baskets which they were carrying. The constable asserted that defendant in the course of his flight produced something from his pocket and threw it into a schoolyard. This was found to be the missing article.

Mr. W. B. Hind arrived late and informed his Worship that he was appearing for the defence. The evidence was read out to him and the case was adjourned until to-day.

"A SERIOUS MATTER."

THEFT OF CASES OF TIN PLATE.

CREW CHARGED.

At Kowloon Magistracy, yesterday morning, charges of larceny of 16 cases of tin plates, which comprised part of a consignment imported by the Standard Oil Company, were brought against eight members of the crew of one of the company's lighters.

Mr. J. H. B. Nihil occupied the bench. Inspector Ogg, asked for a remand but opposed bail, the Company regarding the case as a serious one. He said that should one man be allowed bail and abscond, the case for the Crown might be embarrassed.

The case arose out of the alleged pilfering of a cargo of 14,000 cases of tin plates which were brought into the Colony by the *s.s. Speybank* for the Standard Oil Company.

On arrival in Hongkong, the consignment was transferred to three of the Company's lighters. Before the crews had an opportunity of discharging the cargo, the typhoon signals were hoisted and the lighters were forced to take shelter at Tsan Wan.

The evidence against the defendants, continued Inspector Ogg, was very strong. They had been seen by a boatman, who was anchoring in the vicinity, to place the stolen cases on board another boat.

The defendants were all remanded until to-morrow.

POSSESSION OF OPIUM.

WOMAN FINED \$2,250.

Before Mr. R. E. Lindsell, at the Central Magistracy yesterday, two women were charged with being in possession of 52 tael of prepared opium and 28 tael of raw opium. The drug was found at No. 29, Tai Ping Shan, during a raid carried out by the Revenue Department. The women said that the drug was left in their possession by a seaman, who, however, failed to return for it.

The first woman took the whole responsibility, and Chief Preventive Officer Clarke withdrew the charge against the second defendant, for whom Mr. W. B. Hind appeared.

The other woman was fined \$2,250, or six months' hard labour, for being in possession of the prepared opium. She was also fined \$250, or two months' hard labour, for being in possession of the raw opium.

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SONG FOR PIANO WITH UKULELE ACC.

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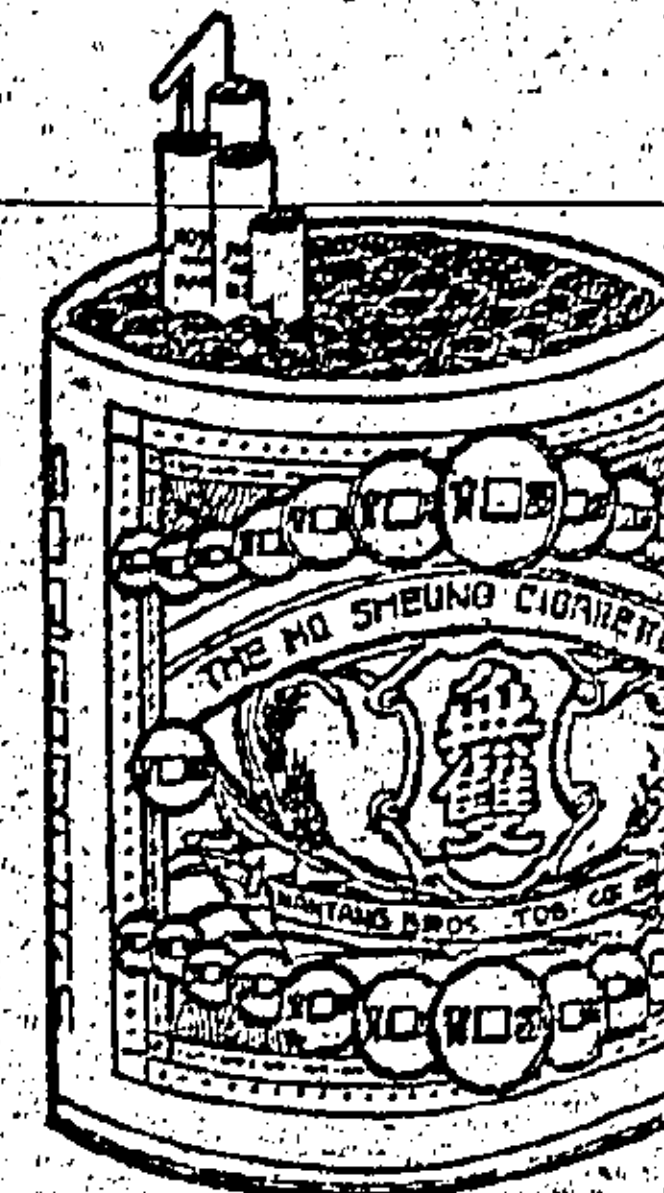
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AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of 50 Cents Per Share has been Declared Payable on **THURSDAY, 28th AUGUST** Next, on and after which Date Dividend Warrants may be obtained upon Application at the Registered Office of the Company, CANAL ROAD EAST, BOWENSTOWN, HONGKONG.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the **REGISTER OF MEMBERS** of the Company will be **CLOSED** from **FRIDAY, 13th AUGUST, to THURSDAY, 28th AUGUST, 1926**, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
W. F. SIMMONS,
Secretary.

26th July, 1926. [319]

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NOTICE.

IN Consquence of Constant Enquiries which have been addressed to me, I beg to state that I am not, nor have I ever been, the Secretary or Director of the HONGKONG DEVELOPMENT BUILDING and SAVINGS SOCIETY, LTD.

EDWARD M. RAYMOND,
3520 10, Ice House Street, Hongkong.

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UNTIL Further Notice **THE PEAK TRAMWAYS** will **RUN** Between **KENNEDY ROAD** and **BARKER ROAD** as Per **TIME TABLE** Below—

SUNDAYS AND WEEK DAYS					
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
7.10	10.30	1.30	4.30	7.30	10.35
.45	.30	.40	.50	.40	.50
.05	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
.10	.15	.10	.10	.10	.05
8.30	11.40	2.30	5.30	8.30	11.35
.40	.50	.40	.50	.45	.50
.50		.50	.50		
	P.M.				A.M.
.05	.00	.00	.00	.00	
.10	.10	.10	.10	.00	
9.30	12.30	3.30	6.30	9.15	12.05
.40	.30	.40	.40	.35	
.50	.50	.50	.50		

FOG AT SEA.

TWO VESSELS ASHORE OFF
JAPANESE COAST.

RESCUE PARTIES DESPATCHED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, July 26th.

Dense fog, it is reported, was responsible for two wrecks.

The American freighter *West Farallon* struck a reef off Oshima last night shortly after leaving Yokohama for Kobe, and the *Hakuhō Maru* went aground early this morning off Boso Peninsula, near the entrance to Tokyo Bay.

The latter from America was bound for Yokohama with a cargo of lumber.

Rescue parties were despatched to both vessels.

THE FRANC.

EXCHANGE RATE DROPS TO 193
TO THE £.

London, July 26th.

The French franc opened at 193 to the £, but fluctuated considerably without material change.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

TOWN PLANNING.

MODEL SCHEME PROPOSALS FOR
EAST KENT.

Rugby, July 25th.

The model town-planning scheme which has been initiated in East Kent in connection with the development of new coal-fields, was the subject of a conference yesterday at which seventeen local authorities interested in preserving the amenities of life were represented. The scheme aims at encouraging a new industry without destroying the natural beauty of the vicinity of the new pits and, already, a considerable sum of money has been guaranteed by the State for the enterprise and the work of building new towns has begun. Eight of these are in contemplation if the pits prove as successful as is hoped. In such a case, it is anticipated that the discovery of coal and iron stone in East Kent will mean the immigration of 275,000 new residents, or the doubling of the present population.

Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Minister of Health, who attended yesterday's conference, commended those responsible for the foresight that was being displayed and he regretted that in earlier days development was allowed to proceed without plan or thought with the result that immense sums were to-day being spent on repairing the terrible errors of the past. At no time was there a greater need for town planning in England than now, where housing development on recently constructed roads was proceeding at a rate never before known.

TILBURY DOCK.

SOON TO ACCOMMODATE LARGEST
VESSELS AFLOAT.

London, July 24th.

The contract for improvement of works at Tilbury Docks has now been let by the Port of London Authority and it is stated that when the work is completed provision will be available, not only for adequate docking facilities of the largest vessels now afloat, but also an ample margin will be left for development for many years to come.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

HOLLAND'S QUEEN.

COMPLETELY RECOVERED AND
GOING HOME.

BREMEN, July 25th.

The Queen of the Netherlands has completely recovered and is leaving for home to-morrow.

COBHAM'S PROGRESS.

Rangoon, July 25th.

Alma Cobham has arrived here.

THE COAL SITUATION.

MORE MINERS RETURNING TO
MIDLAND PITS.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, July 25th.

To-morrow's debates on the coal situation in both Houses of Parliament will probably indicate whether any fresh attempts to settle the dispute by negotiation are in prospect.

Although no favourable development is apparent, restrained optimism that the end of the conflict will be brought in sight within the next few days continues to prevail. In some measure, this is based on the fact that the number of miners who have returned to work in Warwickshire is steadily increasing, but in other parts of the country, and particularly in the North of England, there has been no movement on the part of the men to break away from the instructions of the Miners' Federation. Mr. A. J. Cook, Secretary of the Federation, addressed meetings in Warwickshire yesterday and expressed regret that they had taken action without consulting the Federation. The object of his visit was to check the movement for the resumption of work on the new terms offered by the Warwickshire owners. Sixteen hundred miners are said to have returned in the past two days and altogether, 8,000 will be working to-morrow.

Sir A. Steel Maitland, Minister of Labour, in a speech at Birmingham yesterday, said that what might be anticipated was that by degrees the growth of public opinion would lead the miners themselves to realise the unsound advice that was given them by their leaders, and that, in the end, they really had to do what the Coal Commission's Report and the Government asked them to do in the beginning.

Mr. Frank Hodges, formerly Secretary of the Miners' Federation and now Secretary of the International Miners' Organisation, said, in an interview, that the miners ought immediately and unreservedly to have accepted the conclusions of the Coal Commission's Report. He did not know if these conditions were still open to them but if they could still get back to the Report it would be both the most honourable and most effective way out of their difficulties.

THE PROSPECTS.

Rugby, July 24th.

Newspapers anticipate that within the next few days some favourable development in the coal situation will occur and hopes are entertained that debates which will take place in both Houses of Parliament on Monday may lead to reopening of negotiations. Meanwhile it is reported that the drifting back to work by miners continues slowly but the movement is still almost entirely confined to Midlands coalfields. It is stated in Labour Circles that new terms have been prepared by Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire colliery owners upon which pits in the those districts will be opened next week.

The *Daily Mail* says the proposed new terms, which have been prepared with the approval of the owners' national organization, will give the miners a wide range of choice. Offers will be framed in such a way that rates of wages which can be paid for seven hours, seven and a half hours and eight hours a day can be studied by the men.

THE CHURCHES.

Bishops and the Free Church leaders have issued a statement in which their efforts to effect a settlement of the coal dispute are reviewed and a further appeal is made to the Government to consider proposals already laid before the Prime Minister. They point out that these terms which follow closely those of the Coal Commission's reports and the Samuel Memorandum, which the Trade Union Council approved during the general strike, have been already accepted by the Miners' Federation Executive. In mining districts these terms have been criticised on the ground that failing settlement by negotiation they provide for the setting up of a joint arbitration board with an independent chairman. Reorganisation of the industry is advocated by church leaders and meets with little opposition. The chief objection to the Government's proposals is that they are based on a further subsidy for continuance of pre-strike rates of pay during the four months period allotted to negotiations. The Church leaders' statement will be emphasised from church pulpits throughout the country to-morrow.

THEOSOPHY CONGRESS.

KRISHNAMURTI—NEW WORLD
TEACHER—IN HOLLAND.WAITING FOR REVELATIONS
ROUND CAMP-FIRE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

OMMERS (Holland), July 25th.

The Annual Congress of the Theosophical Order of the Star in the East took place on the Eerde Estate.

Miss Annie Besant, though repeatedly interrupted by downpours of rain, addressed a 'crowded audience' for an hour on the 'Inner Government of the World.'

Krishnamurti, 'the New World Teacher' occupied the place of honour on the platform, but did not speak.

The feature of the Congress is the so-called camp-fire, where, surrounding a large fireplace, are rows of benches of felled tree-trunks. On one side is a large throne composed of three trunks for Krishnamurti.

After nightfall Hindus light a large fire, the glare from which is 'reinforced' by fantastic electric lights.

Representatives to the Congress will gather round the fire singing and listening to discourses, and awaiting revelations. The proceedings are being held under conditions of the greatest secrecy.

The 2,000 delegates, who represent 39 countries, include 389 from England, five from India, one from Egypt, four from Australia, and six from the Dutch East Indies.

The Eerde Estate is of 5,000 acres, and was presented to the Order by the Dutch Baron Von Pallandt, who is a follower of Krishnamurti.

SOVIET POLITICS.

M. ZINOVIEFF EXPELLED FROM
COMMUNIST PARTY.

Moscow, July 25th.

A plenary sitting of the Central Committee of the Russian Communist Party has expelled M. Zinovieff from the Political Bureau of the Party, owing to increased opposition to Zinovieff's faction, which the Central Committee accuses of secessionist agitation.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

MEXICAN BAN.

CATHOLIC PROTESTS AGAINST
RELIGIOUS REGULATIONS.

Mexico City, July 25th.

A Pastoral Letter has been signed by all the Archbishops proposing that as a protest against the religious regulations to be enforced on August 1st, all Catholic services be suspended and priests withdrawn from the churches on July 31st.

AMERICAN TRAGEDY.

COLLAPSE OF CROWDED BRIDGE
AT NIGHT CARNIVAL.

New York, July 25th.

A message from Whitesville, West Virginia says that five were killed and 40 injured by the collapse of a bridge under the weight of 300 people watching a night carnival on the Coal River.

PLUCKY BOY.

COMPLETES SHOOT WHILE IN
GREAT PAIN.

London, July 10th.

Cadet Allen, a Marlborough College boy, shooting in the Bisley Ashburton competition, gave a fine display of sportsmanship, completing his card while suffering from acute pain, rather than jeopardise his school team.

He suddenly became ill on firing at the first range, but tried to hide his suffering from his school-fellows and scored 30 out of a possible 35 points. He was so ill that he was unable to return to camp unassisted.

The doctors diagnosed appendicitis and considered that an operation was necessary immediately, but Allen insisted on returning to the range to complete the shoot and despite the pain he scored 31 points.

He was then removed to hospital in an ambulance, and an operation was performed.

TEST MATCH.

LATE START AT MANCHESTER.

MACARTNEY AGAIN BRILLIANT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, July 26th.

The spectators at Manchester to-day numbered no fewer than 20,000. The start of the second day's play in the Test match was delayed until 11.30. Hobbs, who captained the team representing England received a great ovation as he led out his team.

Scores:—
The spectators had swelled to 27,000 at the lunch interval. The bowling was of the most deadly character, and the batsmen were most careful.

The first 50 was registered in 75 minutes, of which Woodfull scored 14. Root bowled 12 maiden overs during the morning.

A Macartney-Woodfull partnership added 50 in 50 minutes. Woolley was expensive, but otherwise the scoring was difficult.

The 100 was reached after two hours' play. Macartney was as brilliant as ever.

AUSTRALIANS—1ST INNINGS.

Bardsley, c. Tyldesley, b. Stevens... 15
Woodfull, not out... 42
Macartney, not out... 49
Extras... 3

Total (1 wicket)... 109

CARE UNABLE TO PLAY.

Carr is in bed with tonsillitis and was unable to play in the Test to-day. Hobbs captained England.

Carr is slightly better, and his temperature is lower, but there is little likelihood of him playing to-morrow.

DAVIS CUP TENNIS.

ENGLAND ELIMINATED BY FRANCE
IN EUROPEAN FINAL.

CASBOURG, July 25th.

France eliminated Britain in the Davis Cup final.

Borotra and Brugnon beat Crole Rees and Kingsley, 6-2, 6-0, 6-3.

France now meet the winners of the American zone final.

INTERNATIONAL ATHLETICS.

BRITAIN DEFEATS FRANCE.

Paris, July 25th.

The annual England and France athletic match resulted in a win for England by 63 points to 48.

GOOD INFLUENCE OF THE
STAGE.ARCHBISHOP'S TRIBUTE TO
MODERN ACTORS.

The Archbishop of Canterbury spoke at the annual meeting of the Actors' Church Union, held at the Royal Theatre, London. Remarking that at one time it would have been regarded as rather a strange thing that anyone who held his position should be in that place and on the stage, the Archbishop recalled that in Elizabethan times, actors were classed as rogues and vagabonds and were excluded from residence in the City of London. Some of them, he said, could recall times when it would have been thought perhaps as strange as it would have been in Elizabethan times to be there for the purpose of benefiting and helping an artistic craft which was regarded generally as extremely frivolous and rather naughty.

"Thank goodness that is past," he added. The time had gone by when it was thought anything but right that they should be doing what they could to help forward every effort for enabling those who took part in that great profession to be in every way helped to make the lives of all of them stronger and worthier and fitter for what was indeed a great calling in the world. He supposed every one of them believed that the stage stood to-day for something that on the whole was for the untold good, and not ill, of the people. He said "on the whole" because just in other walks of life, in other branches of literature, in stage production as in the production of novels, there was abundant need for an effort to secure that all was kept high-toned and pure and strong. They had learned to realise how gigantic was the possibility of good that belonged to the stage, the ennobling power, educative, uplifting, and recreative, which, if it was wholesomely exercised and set to a proper purpose, was something which ought to be doing untold good to the common life.

STRAITS LIBEL ACTION.

\$4,000 DAMAGES FOR SCHOOL
PRINCIPAL.CHIEF JUSTICE ON INDISCREET
CONDUCT.

The Chief Justice (Sir William Muri-son) gave judgment in the action in which Lu Shih Zee, the principal of the Chinese High School, sued the *Lat Pau* Press, Singapore, for \$10,000 damages for libel alleged to have been contained in a students' manifesto published in the defendant newspaper. His Lordship awarded \$4,000.

His Lordship summed up the actual allegations against plaintiff printed in defendant newspaper as follows:—

(1) That the plaintiff, owing to his many misconducts in Peking (having been in prison had been attacked by the community and had absconded to the South.

(2) There is no evil that he has not done.

(3) That plaintiff misappropriated some \$3,000 belonging to the school.

(4) That there had always been a shortage of teachers.

(5) That he freely indulged in the vice of drinking.

(6) That he freely indulged in the vice of lust, and before his marriage he brought his fiancée into his bedroom, and neglected school functions.

(7) That his character was depraved, that he was a disgrace to the pupils, and that he was a man of fallen character.

There are also some small matters, such as the plaintiff's alleged bad temper, and that on one occasion he was angry with the cook and broke some cups.

THE DEFENCE.

The defence was that the charges were true, and that the words were published as fair comment with a view to giving the public information on a subject of public interest. His Lordship held that no malice on the part of the defendants had been proved, and that they were actuated by an honest desire to afford information to the public.

Examining the truth of the various allegations, His Lordship said the commonsense view of the incident at Peking seemed to be that there was something corresponding to a University "rag," and that plaintiff was awarded a more or less nominal sentence.

The statement that he had been imprisoned for "various misconducts" seemed very barely true, and likely to convey a very wrong impression. There was no justification for saying that plaintiff was attacked by the community at Peking and absconded to the South.

With regard to the charge that "there is no evil that he has not done," his Lordship thought his proper course was to treat this as mere vulgar abuse, which added nothing to the other charges.

A great deal of evidence had been given concerning the accounts of the school.

It has been clearly proved that Mr. Tan Kah Kee authorised the plaintiff to conduct a preparatory class, and no objection or comment was made by the committee. His Lordship, therefore, held that there was no libel under this head, and upon the evidence his Lordship would be prepared to hold that although the accounts were muddled and very loosely kept there was no proof whatever of misappropriation.

There had been a shortage of teachers during the last year or two, but the committee had found that that shortage was partly due to the difficulty of obtaining teachers and partly to the lack of funds. There was no truth in this allegation.

THE ALLEGED DRUNKENNESS.

The evidence clearly proved that the plaintiff was under the influence of drink on the night of September 8th, 1925, but that was far from being a justification that plaintiff freely indulged in the vice of drinking.

Although the whole of the plaintiff's life had been brought into the limelight from 1915 to 1925 there had not been the slightest suggestion that plaintiff had been under the influence of drink on any other occasion. The words used suggested that plaintiff was a habitual drunkard, and they were untrue and defamatory.

Plaintiff's first wife had stated that plaintiff led a fast life in Peking, but she was clearly a prejudiced and rather bitter witness, and his Lordship was not disposed to rely very much upon her evidence. So far as the charge concerning the life of the plaintiff before he came to Singapore there was no proof that the words were true.

The other and more serious allegation was that plaintiff's fiancée used to come to his room in the school and stay till late at night. Plaintiff had only one private room, apparently a sort of bed-sitting room with a piano in it.

(Continued on next column.)

FAR EASTERN CABLE
NEWS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE NORTHERN WAR.

GEN. SUN ADVOCATES CESSATION
OF HOSTILITIES.

SHANGHAI, July 26th.

The vernacular papers state that General Sun Chuan Fang has issued a circular telegram, which has been forwarded to the Cabinet and provinces, advocating a cessation of the present hostilities.

EARTHQUAKE IN MANILA.

MANILA, July 26th.

An earthquake of considerable intensity occurred at Ilocos North at 7.7 on Sunday evening.

SIR WILLIAM DUNN.

SUDDEN DEATH OF FORMER LORD
MAYOR OF LONDON.

Sir William Henry Dunn, a former Lord Mayor of London, died suddenly at his home in Bournemouth last month, aged 70.

Sir William was, in 1918, the third Roman Catholic to become Lord Mayor of London since the Reformation.

His mayoralty was also noteworthy for the fact that he was the fourth Lancastrian in succession—he was born at Clitheroe—to hold the office.

Bluff and genial, he was a popular City father. He was the son of the Duke of Norfolk's private secretary, and established, at the age of 24, an auctioneering business, which he built up into a thoroughly prosperous concern.

For a time he was Unionist M.P. for Southwark.

THE WRONG SPIRIT.

A very sedate clergyman was returning by train from a Church Congress, when a fellow-passenger undertook to draw him into conversation, and so far succeeded that the clergyman asked him to what profession he belonged.

"Oh," said the other cheerfully, "I'm in the cotton line."

"Indeed," replied the clergyman; "there is a good deal of business going on in that branch just now, I believe."

"Yes," was the answer. "And may I ask what is your line?"

"I," said the clergyman, patronizingly, "am in the spiritual line."

"Hanged if I didn't think so," exclaimed his companion, and leaning forward eagerly he put one hand on the clergyman's knee and added, with a wink, "But what a price you've got whisky up to!"

THE FIANCÉE'S VISIT.

Plaintiff had said that the lady (whom he had since married) only came on Saturdays, that she was never in his room after 7 p.m., and her comings and goings were free for anybody to see. There had been no allegation of misconduct during any of these visits, nor had his Lordship in terms been asked to assume it.

His Lordship, referring to one of the students who gave evidence, described him as a prejudiced and worthless witness.

A point had been made that the plaintiff was not divorced from his first wife, and was, therefore, living in sin. As his Lordship had no evidence of the Chinese law of divorce, and could not tell whether the paper signed by the parties was a good divorce in China, he was unable to come to any satisfactory conclusion on this point.

MR. TAN KAH KEE'S EVIDENCE.

His Lordship referred to the evidence of Mr. Tan Kah Kee, and said that the evidence did not justify the statement made by defendants. It was clear that plaintiff had been indiscreet, but most of the witnesses were obviously hostile, and there was not a single suggestion of misconduct.

His Lordship held that plaintiff's reputation had been injured in consequence of rash and untrue statements.

In mitigation of damages there were the facts that defendants were not actuated by malice, that defendants were justified to some degree, that plaintiff, who should have been meticulously careful in his conduct as principal of the school, had been very indiscreet in some matters, and went far to provoke the hostile comments.

Further, it was not apparent that plaintiff would lose his position as principal of the school, as Mr. Tan Kah Kee and the committee appeared to be unanimously in his favour.

His Lordship awarded \$4,000 damages and costs.



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"DELTA"	8,097	7th Aug. Noon	Mars, Casablanca, London and Antwerp.
"MACEDONIA"	11,089	31st Aug.	Marselles and London.
"KALYAN"	9,144	4th Sept.	Marselles, London and Antwerp.
"NAGPORE"	5,233	10th Sept.	Marselles & London.
"MALWA"	10,841	18th Sept.	Marselles, London & Antwerp.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	2nd Oct.	Marselles and London.
"MOBEA"	10,918	18th Oct.	Marselles, London and Antwerp.
"KHYSER"	5,114	30th Oct.	Marselles, London and Antwerp.
"MANTUA"	10,902	13th Nov.	Marselles and London.
"KARMALA"	9,128	27th Nov.	Marselles, London and Antwerp.
"MACEDONIA"	11,089	11th Dec.	Marselles and London.
"DELTA"	8,097	25th Dec.	Marselles, London and Antwerp.
"MALWA"	10,841	8th Jan.	Marselles and London.
"KALYAN"	9,144	22nd Jan.	Marselles, London and Antwerp.
"MOBEA"	10,918	5th Feb.	Marselles and London.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	19th Feb.	Marselles, London and Antwerp.

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Piræus, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APOAR SAILINGS

"TALAMBA"	8,015	27th July, 2 p.m.	Singapore, Penang and Calcutta.
"SHIRALA"	7,841	7th Aug.	do.
"TALMA"	10,000	10th Aug.	do.
"TAKADA"	8,949	27th Aug.	do.
"SANTHIA"	7,754	5th Sept.	do.
"TILAWA"	10,008	11th Sept.	do.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

"TANDA"	9,956	27th August	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	1st Oct.	do.
"ARAFURA"	8,000	19th Oct.	do.

The E. & A.S.S. Co., Ltd., steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hilo, Cebu, Kolambagan, Tawao, Timor, Durwin, or other ports en route as inducement offers.

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The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.
The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

"NAGPORE"	5,233	3rd Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"TANDA"	9,956	3rd Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Yokohama.
"KALYAN"	9,144	5th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"TAKADA"	8,949	6th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"SANTHIA"	7,754	13th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"MALWA"	10,841	18th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"TILAWA"	10,008	20th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"TALAMBA"	8,015	3rd Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	3rd Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	7th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"SHIRALA"	7,841	12th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"MOBEA"	10,918	18th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"ARAFURA"	8,000	1st Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"MANTUA"	10,902	16th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"KARMALA"	9,128	29th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"DEVANHA"	8,155	30th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"TANDA"	9,956	2nd Nov.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"MACEDONIA"	11,089	13th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"DELTA"	8,097	27th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	7th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"MALWA"	10,841	10th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"KALYAN"	9,144	24th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"ARAFURA"	8,000	4th Jan.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"MOBEA"	10,918	7th Jan.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	21st Jan.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.
WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.
*Passengers for Hongkong must defray their own Hotel expenses at Singapore while awaiting the on carrying steamer.
All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.
Steamers on London and Australia Lines are fitted with Landrises.
Passes measuring not more than 2 1/2 ft. x 3 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing.
For Further Information, Passage Fares, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to—
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
P. & O. Building, Connaught Road Central, HONGKONG. Agents.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.**HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.****REGULAR SERVICE OF Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for First-Class Passengers, Electric Light and Fans in Staterooms, Saloons and Excellent cuisine.****FOR**
AMOY & FOCHOW
AND RETURN
(Occupying 8 or 10 Days)

HAINING ... Capt. W. C. Fasmore ... Tuesday, 27th July, at 11 a.m.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).
Round Trip Tickets will be issued from Hongkong to Fochow (Fagoda Anchorage) and Return by the same Steamer by the "HAINING," "HAIRONG" and "HAICHING" at the Reduced Rate of \$30.00 including Meals while the Steamer is in Port.
For Freight and Passage apply to—**DOUGLAS L'APRAIK & CO.,**
General Managers.**CHINA NAVIGATION CO.,**

LIMITED.

RANGKOK	... "KWANGCHOW"	... On 27th July, 6 p.m.
SHANGHAI	... "SUNNING"	... On 29th July, 6 a.m.
AMOY, SINGAPORE & BANGKOK	... "KIUNGCHOW"	... On 29th July, 6 a.m.
HOIHOW & HAIPHONG	... "TRAN"	... On 29th July, 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	... "CHENAN"	... On 31st July, 6 a.m.
SHANGHAI	... "SINKIANG"	... On 1st Aug., 6 a.m.
AMOY & SHANGHAI	... "YINGCHOW"	... On 3rd Aug., 6 a.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	... "HUICHOW"	... On 4th Aug., 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	... "SOOCHOW"	... On 5th Aug., 6 a.m.
AMOY & SINGAPORE	... "KWANGTUNG"	... On 6th Aug., 6 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	... "SEANTUNG"	... On 7th Aug., 6 a.m.
SHANGHAI	... "SUIYANG"	... On 8th Aug., 6 a.m.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Telephone Central 35.

Agents.

CARGO AND PASSAGE CAN BE INSURED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE. [4]

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LTD.**"CHANGTE" & "TAIPING"**

THREE NEW VESSELS MAINTAIN A REGULAR SERVICE FROM

HONGKONG TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS,

VIA MANILA AND THURSDAY ISLAND.

Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.
Excellent & Most Up-to-date First & Second Class Passenger Accommodation.
HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

STEAMER	Due Hongkong on or about	Sailing hence on or about
CHANGTE ...	13th August	18th August, Noon
TAIPING ...	12th September	17th September
CHANGTE ...	11th October	16th October

For Freight and Passage Apply to—**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,**
Telephone: Central 35. Agents. [5]**DODWELL & CO., LTD.****NEW YORK BERTH.**

LOADING FOR BOSTON AND NEW YORK VIA SUEZ.

S.S. "COBBY CASTLE" ... Sailing on or about 19th August.

LLOYD TRIESTINO.**REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE FOR**
BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE (Fiume).**TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO**
GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADRIATIC, LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND
DANUBE PORTS.**REDUCED PASSAGE RATES TO BRINDISI, VENICE OR TRIESTE****"A" CLASS: £72. 10s. 0d. "B" CLASS: £66. 0s. 0d.****NEXT SAILINGS.****OUTWARDS FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND MOJI**

From Hongkong.

S.S. "ROSANDRA" ... Sails on or about 5th August.

HOMEWARDS FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE

From Hongkong.

S.S. "VANAZIA" ... Sails on or about 5th August.

S.S. "ROSANDRA" ... Sails on or about 31st August.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS**FROM CALCUTTA AND COLOMBO TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.**

S.S. "UMINGA" ... Sails from Calcutta on or about 31st July via Hongkong and Colombo.

S.S. "UMVOLOSI" ... Sails from Calcutta on or about 31st August.

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports.

Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines, apply to—

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED.

Telephone: Central 1030.

Agents.

[17]

PRINCE LINE**IMPROVED SERVICE**

BY

FAST MOTOR VESSELS

TO

BOSTON
NEW YORK
PHILADELPHIA

M.V. "JAPANESE PRINCE" ... Leave Hongkong 28th July, 1926.

M.V. "CHINESE PRINCE" ... 5th Sept., 1926.

For Freight and Full Particulars, apply to—

FURNESS (FAR EAST), LIMITED.

Telephone: Central 3165.

(Incorporated in Great Britain)

Telegrams: Furnprince.

King's Building.

[19]

HOLLAND EAST ASIA LINE**of the United Netherlands**
Navigation Company.

Regular Four-weekly Service between

Japan, Vladivostok, China, Hongkong, Manila, Singapore

and

Genoa, Marseilles, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen and North Continental Ports

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE:

S.S. "ZOSMA"		26th July, 1926.
S.S. "OOSTERK" ...		23rd August, 1926.
S.S. "OUDERK" ...		20th September, 1926.

SAILINGS FOR EUROPE:

S.S. "GEMMA"		7th August, 1926.
S.S. "ZOSMA"		4th September, 1926.

All Steamers have a Limited Accommodation for Passengers.

For Freight, Passage and further Particulars, Please Apply to—

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LYN,

Agents.

York Building.

Telephone Central No. 1674.

[11]

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE

Joint Service of the

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

(OCEAN S.S. CO., LTD., AND CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LTD.)

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

Sailings from Hongkong.

S.S. "CITY OF BEDFORD"		Via Suez Canal	30th July.
S.S. "MALVERNIAN"		Via Suez Canal	18th August.
S.S. "DECCALION"		Via Suez Canal	27th August.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.

Subject to charge without notice.

For Freight and Particulars, apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, or **THE BANK LINE, LTD., HONGKONG.**
HONGKONG AND CANTON. **JEROME HATHESON & CO., LTD., CANTON.**

[21]

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

WIRELESS SERVICE between Hongkong and Canton resumed.

INWARD MAILS.

FROM	PER	DATE
SHANGHAI	Chenon	27th July.
STRAITS	Kuowang	27th July.
SHANGHAI AND EUROPE via SIBERIA	Hector	27th July.
U.S.A., CANADA, JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Pres. Jackson	30th July.
MANILA	Pres. Wilson	30th July.
JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Hakone Maru	31st July.
EUROPE via NEGAPATEM (Letters only)	Canton	31st July.
London, 1st July	Tseng Maru	1st Aug.
JAPAN AND SHANGHAI	Pres. Van Buren	2nd Aug.
SHANGHAI	Pres. Lincoln	5th Aug.
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN & SHANGHAI		

OUTWARD MAILS.

FOR	PER	DATE
Shanghai Japan Honolulu and *San Francisco—due San Francisco 23rd Aug.	Taiyo Maru	Tuesday, 27th.
Amoy & Foochow	Reg. 9.45 A.M.	
Formosa	Letters 10.30 A.M.	
Straits and Calcutta	Letters 10.00 A.M.	
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America & EUROPE via Victoria, B.C.—due Victoria 15th Aug. and Europe via Siberia (Letters & postcards specially superscribed via Siberia only)	Pres. Madison	Letters Noon
Manila	Yusung	2.30 P.M.
Batavia	Bandoeng Maru	4.00 P.M.
Bangkok	Kuowang	4.30 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Koku Maru	Wednesday, 28th.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Egypt & EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 25th Aug. & Australia & New Zealand via Singapore	Hector	Reg. 9.45 P.M.
Shanghai	Kuowang	10.30 A.M.
Macao	Kuowang	1.15 P.M.
Amoy	Kuowang	5.00 P.M.
Hoihow and Haiphong	Tseng	Thursday, 29th.
Amoy	Kuowang	8.00 A.M.
Batavia	Tseng	11.30 A.M.
Macao	Kuowang	1.15 P.M.
Bangkok	Kuowang	5.00 P.M.
Macao	Kuowang	Friday, 30th.
Shanghai	Kuowang	1.15 P.M.
	Okenon	5.00 P.M.
Satday, 31st.		
Bangkok	Matsug	12.30 P.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt & EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 30th Aug. & Australia & New Zealand via Singapore	Hakone Maru	Reg. 12.45 P.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America & EUROPE via Victoria, B.C.—due San Francisco 25th Aug. and EUROPE via Siberia (Letters & postcards, specially superscribed "via Siberia" only)	Pres. Wilson	Letters 3.00 P.M.
Haiphong	Letters 4.15 P.M.	
	Letters 5.00 P.M.	
	Letters 5.00 P.M.	
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Hakone Maru	—AUGUST— Sunday, 1st. 9.00 A.M.
Amoy	Yingchow	Monday, 2nd. 9.00 A.M.
Straits & Calcutta	Hakone	Tuesday, 3rd. Parcels Noon Letters 1.00 P.M.
Saigon, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt & EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 4th Sept.	Paul Leont	Reg. 1.45 P.M.
	Letters 2.30 P.M.	

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Authorized Capital\$50,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid\$20,000,000
Reserve Funds:—
Sterling\$4,500,000
Silver\$27,000,000

Reserve Liability of Pro-
prietors\$20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

Courtesy of Directors:
Hon. Mr. D. G. M. DENARD,
Chairman.
Hon. Mr. A. O. LAYO,
Deputy Chairman.
W. H. Bell, Esq., J. A. Plummer, Esq.,
A. H. Compton, Esq., T. G. Weall, Esq.,
W. L. Patterson, Esq., H. P. White, Esq.,
G. M. Young, Esq.,
Chief Manager:
A. H. BARLOW, Esq.

BRANCHES:—
Amoy, Hongkong, Penang,
Bangkok, Ipoh, Rangoon,
Batavia, Ipoh, Saigon,
Bombay, Calcutta, Kobe,
Canton, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore,
Colombo, London, Sourabaya,
Lyons, Shanghai, Tientsin,
Hankow, Harbin, Peking,
Yokohama

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in LOCAL
CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS re-
ceived for one year or shorter
periods in LOCAL CURRENCY and
STERLING on terms which will be
quoted on application.
Hongkong, 27th May, 1926. [25]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank
is conducted by the HONG-
KONG & SHANGHAI BANK-
ING CORPORATION. Rules may
be obtained on application.
For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION,
A. H. BARLOW, Esq.,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 27th May, 1926. [25]

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA,
AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital£23,000,000
Reserve Fund£24,000,000
Reserve Liability of Pro-
prietors£23,000,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General
Banking Business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one
year or shorter periods at rates
which will be quoted on applica-
tion.
A. H. FERGUSON, Manager.
Hongkong, April 15th, 1925. [30]

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

HEAD OFFICE: 96, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.

Subscribed Capital...Fr. 72,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital...Fr. 38,400,000.00
Reserve Fund...Fr. 59,967,283.54

BRANCHES: Pondicherry,
Batambang Hongkong, Saigon,
Canton, Mengtze, Shanghai,
Djibouti, Noumea, Singapore,
Fort Bayard, Papeete, Tientsin,
Haiphong, Peking, Tientsin,
Hankow, Pnom-Penh, Yunnanfou.

BANKERS:
In France: Comptoir National
d'Escompte de Paris; Crédit
Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et
des Pays-Bas; Crédit Industriel
et Commercial; Société Générale.
In London: The National Provincial
and Union Bank of England,
Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Es-
compte de Paris; Crédit
Lyonnais.
In New York: J. P. Morgan &
Co.; French-American Banking
Corporation; Guaranty Trust
Co., of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-
counts and Fixed Deposits accord-
ing to arrangement.
Every description of Banking and
Exchange Business transacted.
A. LECOT, Manager.
Hongkong, 20th March, 1924. [33]

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA,
LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

10, Des Vaux Road Central.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL\$10,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL\$5,000,000
RESERVE FUND\$1,200,000

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
Canton, Osaka, Hongkong,
London, Singapore, Batavia,
Nagasaki, Calcutta, New York,
Tientsin, Saigon, Kobe,
Manila, San Francisco, Peking,
Bombay, Taipei, Rangoon,
Shanghai, Tokyo, Sourabaya,
Hankow, Penang, Semarang,
Hankow.

Correspondents in all principal
cities of the world.
Every description of Banking and
Exchange business transacted.
Loans granted on approved securi-
ties.
SAVINGS DEPOSIT BOXES To Let.
KAY TONG PO, Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 22nd May, 1924.

COMMERCIAL.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

July 26th, 1926.

OK LONDON.—
Telegraphic Transfer ... 3/3 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand ... 3/3 1/2
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight ... 3/3 1/2
Bank Bills, at 6 months' sight ... 3/3 1/2

OK HONGKONG.—
Bank Bills, on demand ... 2/0 1/2 nom.
Credits, at 4 months' sight ... 2/3 1/2
Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight ... 2/3 1/2
Bank Bills, at 6 months' sight ... 2/3 1/2

OK NEW YORK.—
Bank Bills, on demand ... 53 1/2
Credits, at 60 days' sight ... 53 1/2

OK BOMBAY.—
Telegraphic Transfer ... 147
Bank Bills, on demand ... 147

OK SHANGHAI.—
Bank Bills, at sight ... 147
Private, 30 days' sight ... nom.

OK YOKOHAMA.—On demand ... 118 1/2
OK MANILA.—On demand ... 107 1/2
OK SINGAPORE.—On demand ... 94 1/2
OK BATAVIA.—On demand ... 13 1/2
OK HANKOW.—On demand ... nom.

OK HONGKONG.—On demand ... nom.
OK HONGKONG.—On demand ... 84
Selling Rate, Bank's Buying rate ... 84 1/2
Gold Loan, 100 lbs. per ton ... 2 1/2
Bar Silver, per oz. ... 2 1/2

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF
INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: 15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C. 3.

Authorized Capital£23,000,000
Subscribed Capital£21,800,000
Paid-up Capital£21,050,000
Reserve Fund£1,350,000

BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND
and
MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES: Penang,
Kandy, Port Louis,
Batavia, Karachi, (Mauritius),
Bombay, Kota Bharu, Rangoon,
Calcutta, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai,
Canton, Kuantan, Simla,
Delhi, (Pahang), Singapore,
Galle, Madras, Sourabaya,
Hongkong, Howrah, New York.

HONGKONG BRANCHES:
Every description of Banking and
Exchange Business transacted.
Interest allowed on Current Ac-
counts to 3 per cent. per annum on
Daily Balance and on Fixed De-
posits at Rates that may be ascer-
tained on application.
C. L. C. SANDES, Manager.
7, Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong, June 17th, 1926. [29]

BANQUE FRANCO-CHINOISE
DE LA
COMMERCIAL ET INDUSTRIELLE.

(Incorporated in France).

HEAD OFFICE:
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

CapitalFr. 20,000,000
ReservesFr. 11,150,000
Special Working CapitalFr. 60,000,000

BRANCHES: Hongkong,
Lyons, Shanghai, Tientsin,
Canton, Haiphong, Hankow,
Peking, Yunnanfou.

BANKERS:
France: Société Générale, Banque
Nationale de Crédit, Banque de
Paris et des Pays-Bas.
London: Midland Bank, Ltd.
New York: Irving Bank, Columbia
Trust Co.

Every description of Banking and
Exchange Business transacted.
Correspondents throughout the
World.
A. BOLLIN, Manager.
Hongkong, 2nd December, 1925.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.

(TAIWAN GINKO.)

Incorporated by Special Imperial
Charter, 1899.

Capital Subscribed ...Yen 45,000,000
Capital (Paid-up) ...Yen 39,276,000

HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEI, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES:
JAPAN: Tokyo, Yokohama, Kobe,
Osaka.
FORMOSA: Giran, Kagi, Karento,
Keelung, Makong, Nanto,
Shinchiku, Taichu, Tainan,
Tainan, Tamsui, Toei, Heiko,
Taiko.

CHINA: Shanghai, Hankow, Amoy,
Foochow, Swatow, Canton.
OTHERS: Hongkong, Singapore,
Sourabaya, Semarang, Batavia,
Bombay, London, New York,
Calcutta.

LONDON BANKERS:
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER
AND PRINCIPAL BANK.

The Bank has Correspondents in the
Commercial Centres in the
European Continent, Russia, Man-
churia, Tientsin, Japan, Indo-
China, Siam, India, Philippine
Islands, Java, Africa, &c.
Interest allowed on Current Ac-
counts and Fixed Deposits at
Rates which will be quoted on ap-
plication.
T. TAKAGI, Manager.
HONGKONG BRANCH,
2, Des Vaux Road, Central.
Hongkong, 11th May, 1926. [27]

Authorized Capital
Guilders 150,000,000.
(£12,500,000)

Paid-up Capital ... 80,000,000
(£6,400,000)

Reserve Fund ... 20,536,881
(£1,711,405)

Special Reserves ... 22,660,000
(£1,888,330)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Eastern Head Office: BATAVIA.
Branches: Bandjermasin, Ban-
dong, Bombay, Calcutta, Cher-
bon, Djember, Djokakarta,
The Hague, Kobe, Koto-Badja,
Makassar, Medan, Padang,
Palembang, Poonlongan, Penang,
Pontiak, Rangoon, Rotterdam,
Samarang, Shanghai,
Singapore, Soerabaya, Soer-
karta (Solo), Tegal, Tjilatjap,
and Weltevreden.

LONDON BANKERS: NATIONAL PRO-
VINCIAL BANK, LTD.
Correspondents all over the
World.

BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY
DESCRIPTION.
J. C. MAASSEN,
Acting Manager.

THE BANK OF CHINA.

行銀國中

(Specially authorized by Presidential
Mandate of the Republic of
China on the 22nd of
November, 1917.)

Authorized Capital...\$40,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital...\$19,760,200.00
Reserve Fund...\$9,884,338.59

Head Office: PEKING.
Hongkong Branch: 4, QUEEN'S
ROAD CENTRAL.

Branches and Sub-branches all over
China, and Correspondents in
Europe, America, and other
parts of the world.

London Bankers: THE GUARANTY
TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK, THE
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK, LTD.
New York Bankers: THE EQUITABLE
EASTERN BANKING COR-
PORATION, THE IRVING BANK,
COLUMBIA TRUST CO.

Every description of Banking and
Exchange Business transacted.
Correspondents throughout the
World.
A. BOLLIN, Manager.
Hongkong, 2nd December, 1925.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-
counts and Fixed Deposits. Terms
on application.
Every description of Banking
Business transacted.
Loans granted on Approved
Securities.
Special facilities for domestic
exchange.

TSUYEE PEI,
Manager.
Hongkong, January 16th, 1926. [28]

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL
MAATSCHAPPIJ.

(NEDERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY).

Established 1824.

Hongkong Branch established 1906.

Authorized Capital
Guilders 150,000,000.
(£12,500,000)

Paid-up Capital ... 80,000,000
(£6,400,000)

Reserve Fund ... 20,536,881
(£1,711,405)

Special Reserves ... 22,660,000
(£1,888,330)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Eastern Head Office: BATAVIA.
Branches: Bandjermasin, Ban-
dong, Bombay, Calcutta, Cher-
bon, Djember, Djokakarta,
The Hague, Kobe, Koto-Badja,
Makassar, Medan, Padang,
Palembang, Poonlongan, Penang,
Pontiak, Rangoon, Rotterdam,
Samarang, Shanghai,
Singapore, Soerabaya, Soer-
karta (Solo), Tegal, Tjilatjap,
and Weltevreden.

LONDON BANKERS: NATIONAL PRO-
VINCIAL BANK, LTD.
Correspondents all over the
World.

BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY
DESCRIPTION.
J. C. MAASSEN,
Acting Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK,
LIMITED.

Capital fully paid—

up—Yen 100,000,000

Reserve Fund—Yen 88,900,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:
Batavia, Kai Yuen, Rangoon,
Bombay, Karachi, Sourabaya,
Buenos Aires, Kobe, San Fran-
cisco, Lyons, Seattle, Cien-
cal, Calcutta, Los Angeles, Semarang,
Canton, Manilla, Shanghai,
Dairen, Nagasaki, Singapore,
Nagoya, (Dahly) Shimomoseki,
Fengtien, Newchwang, Sydney,
(Mukden) Osaka, Tientsin,
Hankow, New York, Tokyo,
Hankow, Peking, Tientsin,
Harbin, Kio de, Tsingtau,
Honolulu, Janairo, Vladivostok.

Interest allowed on Current
Accounts.
Deposits received for Fixed
Periods at rates to be obtained on
application.
C. ARIMA, Manager.
Hongkong, 11th March, 1926. [25]

THE BANK OF CANTON, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

Established 1912.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL ...£1,200,000
PAID UP CAPITAL ...£1,032,625
SILVER RESERVE FUND \$ 700,000
Branches: CANTON, SHANGHAI, HAN-
KOW, SWATOW, BANGKOK, NEW
YORK AND SAN FRANCISCO.
Correspondents in all Principal
Cities of the World.

London Bankers: THE LLOYDS
BANK, LIMITED.
Every description of banking busi-
ness transacted.
Safe Deposit Boxes in various
sizes to be let from \$5.00 to \$40.00
yearly.

LOOK POON SHAN,
Chief Manager.

EQUITABLE EASTERN BANK-
ING CORPORATION.
AN AMERICAN BANK.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

U.S. \$3,000,000.00

HEAD OFFICE:
37, WALL STREET,
NEW YORK.

BRANCHES:
SHANGHAI.

General Banking and Exchange
Business.
Interest Allowed on all Deposits.
Rates on Application.

LONDON AND PARIS AGENTS:
EQUITABLE TRUST CO., OF N.Y.
33 D. M. BIGGAR, Manager.

Printed and Published by OLIVER THOMAS BREAKSPRUE, for the
Hongkong Daily Press, Ltd., at 14, Chater Road, Victoria,
Hongkong. London Office: 131, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

LONDON SERVICE.

"HECTOR" 23th July. Mare, L'don, B'dam, & Glasgow.
"ANTHONY" 10th Aug. Mare, L'don, B'dam, & Hamburg.
"ASPHALION" 24th Aug. Mare, L'don, B'dam, & Hamburg.
"SABEDON" 8th Sept. Mare, L'don, B'dam, & Glasgow.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

"EURYADES" 20th Aug. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool, & Glas.
"HELEMACUS" 20th Sept. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool, & Glas.
"ATREUS" 20th Oct. Genoa, Havre, and Liverpool.

PACIFIC SERVICE.

(via KOBE & YOKOHAMA)
"TYNDAREUS" 7th Aug. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.
"PROTEUS" 28th Aug. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.

NEW YORK SERVICE.

"DEUCALION" 27th Aug. New York, Boston & Baltimore.
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